The Newport Daily News
is delivered in every part of the city, and very thoroughly throughout the towns of Middletown and Portsmouth.

Newport Daily News.

WHY GO WEST to buy a farm when you can buy one in Southern Rhode Island for less than $100 per acre, well adapted for raising potatoes. One could pay for it in two years from this crop alone.
DANIEL WATSON,
295 THAMES STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1846 NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY DECEMBER 30, 1893. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

JUST ARRIVED
—FOR—
THE HOLIDAYS
A fine line of
Antique Silver.
Also many handsome pieces of FURNITURE.
Geo. E. Vernon & Co.,
91 JOHN STREET.

INSURANCE.
IF YOU WANT RELIABLE
INSURANCE
CALL ON
HENRY BULL, JR.,
197 THAMES STREET,
Who represents the best English and American companies. All losses promptly settled.

Fire Insurance!
DAVIS & WARD
Having found it necessary to increase their facilities, in order to meet demands, have added to their list of companies the
New Hampshire Insurance Co.
Capital Stock, $700,000
Total Assets, 1,134,636
These figures give it a place in the first rank. Our agency represents the leading companies of England and America, and it costs no more to insure in a good company than a poor one.
DAVIS & WARD, 169 Thames Street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
SITTINGS
Made on Cloudy Days!
And just as fine pictures made as on pleasant days. Bear this in mind and do not delay sitting on account of the weather.
It is Not Too Late
To get photographs for Christmas, and remember we have many attractive styles to select from. All orders you give us before Dec. 21 will be ready for CHRISTMAS.
F. H. CHILD, Photographer,
242 Thames Street

Photographic Apparatus.
Outfits for amateurs, the Kodak and other styles of Detective Cameras. Complete line of supplies. Developing, printing, enlarging and architectural blue printing. Optical lantern to rent.
GEO. H. CHASE,
ROOM 4, 291 THAMES STREET.

NEW STYLES AND NEW PRICES FOR THE NEW YEAR.
My new style Mantelio cabinet, combining artistic lighting and posing with a card of exquisite neatness, compasses the ideal photo. of the times. See samples and also prices. Stagnation in business is assured, for the winter at least; to meet this in a liberal way I shall give the people this new style cabinet for only $5 per doz., limited to April 1. No extra charge for groups. Remember when you desire the best satisfaction, try
Holloway
THE LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER.
Ask for my calendar—they are beauties.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
130 Pieces, $8.50.
In addition to my large assortment of Christmas Goods, I have just opened a large lot of
Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets
At the extremely low price of $8.50.
Please call and examine these goods before purchasing. I have also bargains in
SILVER PLATED WARE.
James F. Marden,
328 THAMES STREET.

WE HAVE SOME BEAUTIFUL
INLAID MAHOGANY TRAYS
Also large assortment of
Chairs, Tables, Desks, Music Racks, Hall Stands, etc.
Call and examine our stock.
J. W. HORTON & CO.,
32 CHURCH STREET.

GREAT
CLEARANCE SALE
Of all remaining Christmas goods for the next ten days.
Everything at your own PRICES.
This excellent opportunity to secure goods at reduced prices should not be missed.
A. C. TITUS & CO.,
225 to 229 THAMES STREET.

Second Edition.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH
To the Associated Press.
SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS

ABOUT THE VERDICT.

Editorial Comments of Chicago Papers.

Unanimous Approval of the Result of the Prendergast Trial.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Editorial comments on the Prendergast verdict are as follows:

The Herald: It is a righteous verdict and sentence. The murderous crank is as accountable at the bar of justice and at the bar of reason as any person who commits murder.

It Will Have a Good Effect.

The Tribune: Looking beyond the individual immediately concerned, it may be asserted with confidence that this verdict will have a good effect. As that in the anarchist case made men of dynamite proclivities more careful, so the verdict in the Prendergast case will have its effect on cranks.

Public Generally Satisfied.

The Record: The public will be generally satisfied, both at the outcome of the trial and at the fairness and cool judgment with which it was conducted. Prendergast has been properly tried on the law and the evidence, and the verdict is that he merits death.

Exact and Speedy Justice Done.

The Times, which was owned by Mayor Harrison, says: Exact and speedy justice has been done by the court and the jury which sentenced the murderer of Carter H. Harrison to death. The rapidity with which this case has been carried to a conclusion, with denying to the accused any opportunity to demonstrate his insanity, is encouraging to the friends of society. His conviction deals a fatal blow to the plea of criminal lawyers, backed up by opinionated physicians, that eccentricity is a complete defense to a charge of murder. It is to be hoped now that the sentence of the court may be speedily executed.

Undoubtedly a Crank.

The Inter-Ocean: The only question raised was to the murderer's sanity. That he is a crank in the ordinary acceptance of that term, and that his mind is constitutionally defective, is no doubt true.

Indicted for Fraud, and Attempted Suicide.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—George M. Leighton, a wealthy citizen of Home City, a suburb of Cincinnati, attempted suicide at the Stafford Hotel here last night. Mr. Leighton is connected with many of the moneyed institutions of Cincinnati. The only cause that can be assigned for the act is despatches printed yesterday, in which it was said that he, with three other citizens, had been indicted on charges of misappropriating funds belonging to the Widows' Home.

Southern Pacific Train Wrecked.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Dec. 30.—A bolt driven into the point of a split switch at McDonough, on the Southern Pacific, eighteen miles west of here, Thursday night, caused an east-bound freight to leave the track. The engine turned over and Engineer Taylor and Fireman Turner were badly crushed, and both will die. Brakeman Weed was severely injured. Six cars, containing silver ore, were demolished.

Appointed Acting Superintendent of Public Buildings in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Mayor Matthews today appointed Colonel Fred Bogan of the Ninth regiment acting superintendent of public buildings.

English Shoemakers to Go on Strike.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The shoemakers at Northampton will go on strike Monday, to compel the masters to erect workshops in connection with the factories, in order to prevent work being done in dwelling-houses.

BOOM AMONG PENNSYLVANIA STEEL WORKS.

New Mill to Be Erected, and Men Working Overtime.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Dec. 30.—The Cambria Iron Company has begun and is pushing the erection of a steel rail mill, the estimated cost of which will reach a million dollars. The foundation has been laid and part of the construction machinery is in position.

There is a veritable boom in all the departments of the Gautier steel works here, and it is reported that the works are two months behind orders. It is at least certain that over one thousand men are working over time, many making fifteen hours a day.

NANSEN'S PROGRESS.

News from Him Expected by the Summer of 1895.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Dr. John Murray, an Arctic authority, says that everything indicates that Dr. Nansen was enabled to traverse the Kraser early in August, and that he is probably now fixed in the ice between Long. 120 and 130 east and Lat. 70 to 80 north. "If so," Dr. Murray continues, "his position is most favorable for progress in the summer. If the Fram gets through the polar basin without being crushed, it will be remarkable luck. If otherwise, Dr. Nansen will not necessarily be balked. He may occupy five and many more years in crossing the polar basin, but I expect to hear from him at the latest in the summer of 1895."

HONDURAS INVADED.

General Bonilla Marching Against President Vasquez.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The Herald's cable from Managua, Nicaragua, says: General Bonilla has taken command of the Honduranian invaders, has issued a proclamation, and is marching toward Choluteca. Numerous desertions are reported from President Vasquez's ranks to those of Bonilla.

Central America is alarmed at the report that Vasquez is engaging American filibusters, and the press is recalling the Walker expedition in this connection.

A HAWAIIAN CABLE.

Pronounced Practicable and Necessary by Engineers.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 30.—Secretary Whittlesey of the Chamber of Commerce of this city has received a copy of the Hawaiian Gazette, of Honolulu, published December 12. The front page has a three-column article on the proposed cable, giving a diagram showing the bottom of the ocean between Honolulu and Monterey bay, California. Near Honolulu the bottom drops off abruptly to a depth of 2,878 fathoms, and continues at this depth for many miles. The deepest place in the route is 3,978 fathoms. The average depth of the ocean between Hawaii and California is about 2,400 fathoms. The article gives the opinions of a large number of United States engineers, and also engineers of England and France, stating the practicability and necessity of the cable.

Half-Breed Firemen Foiled in a Plan to Obtain Power.

The paper says that the city firemen of Honolulu are mostly half-breeds, and that they recently concocted a scheme to gain power. When paid off last month they went on strike. Their plan was to join the queen's party for restoration, and help her to gain the power and throne again. As soon as this was effected they were to demand various offices under the government, and a formal demand was to be made upon the queen that white firemen be discharged and only natives be employed. The failure to restore the queen foiled their plans.

One Vessel Foundered and the Other in a Sinking Condition.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The vessel Hero, bound for Middlesborough, collided off Dover this morning with steamer Beamish, bound for London. The steamer foundered and the Hero is in a sinking condition. No lives were lost.

France Preparing to Send Troops to Madagascar.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—This morning's papers say that France is preparing to send twenty thousand troops to Madagascar.

San Domingo's Latest Insurrection Denied.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 30.—General Morales, who was exiled from San Domingo and lately was reported to have returned to lead the insurgents against the Dominican president, Heureaux, is again in Kingston. He denies that there has been any insurrection in San Domingo. He intends to seek General Crespo's aid for his cause.

Reports from Port au Prince indicate that trouble is again threatening in Hayti.

NEW INDUSTRIES IN THE SOUTH.

Fewer than Last Year, Though First Six Months Showed an Increase.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 30.—The Tradesman, in its report of new industries established in the South during 1893, says: As would be expected, the total is less than in former years. The total is 2,251 for 1893; in 1892 it was 2,440. The decrease is all in the last six months, the first half year showing an increase. The principal industries which were fewer in number were brick and tile works, of which fifty were established in 1893 and sixty-six in 1892. Of agricultural implement works seventeen were established, the same as in 1892. Twelve breweries were reported, against sixteen in 1892. Canning factories have increased, the present report giving eighty-four, as against sixty-seven last year; and fifty-five cotton compresses and gins, while in 1892 sixty-three were built. Cotton and woolen mills have increased, one hundred and ninety-seven having been reported in 1893, and one hundred and eighty-two in 1892, four each in Arkansas and Georgia. Ninety-three electric light and power companies are reported, and one hundred and two in 1892. Flour and grist mills, one hundred and eighty-two in number, are ten less than last year; and one hundred and twelve foundries and machine shops, established in 1893, are but five less than the number reported for 1892. Fifty-four ice factories and one hundred and sixty-seven mining and quarrying companies are noted. Only twenty-three phosphate mining companies were organized, the number for 1892 being forty-three, and for 1891 one hundred and thirty-five. This is a clear indication that speculation in phosphate properties has died out, and that the business is now on a legitimate basis.

SAID TO HAVE CONTAINED STATIONERY.

Two Bodies Found in an Omaha Express Office.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 30.—The bodies of a gray-haired old man and a pretty young woman lie on a stone at the morgue, and detectives and police are working on clues to ascertain how they met death. About 10 o'clock yesterday morning a stranger took to the office of the Pacific Express Company a box, saying that it contained stationery, and ordered it shipped to a town in Iowa. It weighed about two hundred pounds. Prompted by suspicion created by this fact, the matter was reported to the chief agent, and he decided that the box should be opened. The removal of the first board disclosed the head and body of a woman with blonde hair, and complete examination revealed also the body of a man. Both bodies were nude and doubled, and were bound with wire. On making this discovery the company sent the gruesome freight to the coroner, and notified the police. Further than this no facts can be obtained. The express company's employes found no marks of violence on the bodies. When the contents of the box were removed, it was filled with rubbish and forwarded to the address. By this means the authorities expect to arrest the man for whom the bodies were intended. They refuse to give the name of the town in Iowa.

HARRISON ON THE INCOME TAX.

Rather Non-Committal, But Evidently Not in Favor of the Proposal.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A special from Indianapolis says: Ex-President Harrison said last evening: "The taxing of incomes is an old measure, and has been always a much discussed question. Being a direct tax, its force is, of course, more keenly felt and therefore more vigorously opposed. It has always been argued against this system of taxation that it does not benefit the people at large, other than assisting in defraying the expenses of the government, and is of course on that account inferior to other systems of taxation. There are many other objections also, but I do not care to go into the matter at greater length."

TO OPPOSE THE BIG FIGHT.

International Law and Order League to Interfere.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 30.—Rev. Clarence Greeley of Mount Carmel Centre, in this state, who is the general agent of the International Law and Order League, says that that body proposes to have the Duval Athletic Club of Jacksonville, Fla., realize that the law and order league will do what it can to prevent the big fight. Mr. Greeley has, after correspondence with Governor Mitchell at Tallahassee and Mayor Fletcher of Jacksonville, Fla., appointed Attorney W. H. Cowles of the international league to assist in seeing that article II, sections 2,412 to 2,414, of the revised statutes of Florida are respected by the would-be contestants in the proposed international fight.

Murdered, Robbed and Thrown into the River.

COLUSA, Cal., Dec. 30.—The bodies of two unknown men were found in the river near here yesterday. The pockets of both were turned inside out, and contained nothing. One had the side of his head shot off, apparently by a charge of shot at close range. The other's head was split by a hatchet, and there were two knife wounds in the breast. It is supposed that the men were murdered and robbed, and the bodies thrown into the river.

Suicide of a Disappointed Office Seeker.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 30.—Ex-State Treasurer Adam Herold last night committed suicide by hanging himself with a silk scarf to a wash stand in the Golden West Hotel. He was a candidate for superintendent of the mint, an office which was granted to Daggett, and has been in low spirits ever since. He was state treasurer in 1886.

As the name indicates, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is a renewer of the hair, including its growth, health, youthful color and beauty. It will please you.

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

Mr. Wilson Preparing His Opening Speech.

No Program for Conducting the Discussion Yet Made.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Chairman Wilson of the ways and means committee is hard at work, preparing his speech for the opening of the tariff debate, but it has not progressed far enough for him to say how long it will take to deliver it. He was at the Capitol yesterday, to procure some documents which he desired to consult in the preparation of his argument, but aside from this he does not expect to visit the building until the meeting of the ways and means committee next Tuesday, at which it is expected to have the income tax proposition in shape to be acted upon by the full membership.

The tariff bill will be called up in the House on Wednesday next, the day on which Congress convenes after the recess, but up to the present time no program for the discussion of the matter has been arranged. If the bill is read by paragraphs on the day it is called up, the reading will probably consume nearly all of the day's session, and no speeches will be made. If it is not so read, Mr. Wilson will open the debate in support of the measure. He will consult his Democratic colleagues on the committee regarding the adoption of a program before the bill is called up.

At present it is his disposition to allow the debate to continue for a while before he makes an attempt to reach a formal agreement with the Republicans as to when general debate shall be closed. In case no agreement can be arrived at on the floor, the committee on rules will take the matter in hand, and bring in an order naming an hour at which the previous question shall be considered as ordered, thereby closing debate and bringing the question to a vote.

FALSE NOMINATION PAPERS.

Chairman of the Fall River Democratic City Committee in Trouble.

FALL RIVER, Dec 30.—John A. Connelly, chairman of the Democratic city committee, was arraigned in the district court this morning on charges of falsely making nomination papers and filing with the city clerk nomination papers falsely made. Connelly was represented by John W. Cummings, and a plea of not guilty was entered. A continuance was asked and granted, for one week. Bail was fixed at $2,000, and was accepted from C. S. Greene. The arrest was made very quietly yesterday afternoon.

Connelly determined to become a candidate for alderman in ward 7 a day before the time for fixing nomination papers closed. It is alleged that, instead of seeing personally the men whose names were on the petition, he signed them himself, and knowingly made oath to their truth before the city clerk. He states that he not only did not sign the names, but that the papers were handed to him by another man.

SOLD IT FOR POISON.

Attleboro Drug Clerk's Story of His Sale of Alcohol.

ATTLEBORO, Dec. 30.—Young Mason, the clerk at S. P. Clark's drug store who sold the alcohol which killed several tramps, stated today that a man he did not know came into the store last night, and said he wanted some alcohol for cleaning purposes. Mason put it up, and then put in some tincture of aconite. After putting up the alcohol Mason said he put a poison label on the bottle, as required by law, and he also put on a label: "For external use only." Mason says that the man knew that the stuff was poison before he left the store. The report that two more tramps were found dead at Farmer's is untrue.

The Bicycle Score.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The bicycle score at 10 o'clock was: Schock, 1,508; Waller, 1,467; Martin, 1,389; Albert, 1,321; Van Emberg, 1,260; Golden, 1,233; Meixel, 1,181; Forster, 1,045; Hosmer, 969; Barton, 920; Ashinger, 879.

The 1 o'clock score is: Schock, 1,513; Waller, 1,467; Martin, 1,404, Albert, 1,345; Van Emberg, 1,292; Golden, 1,235; Meixell, 1,181; Forster, 1,045; Hosmer, 969; Barton, 961; Ashinger, 879.

Long-lived Son of Long-lived Ancestry.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Dec. 30.—David J. Williams died this morning, at the age of one hundred and three years. He was born in Hartford, Conn., and was about the street as usual up to a week ago. He was the son of Gershom Williams, who lived to be one hundred and thirteen years old. His grandfather died at the age of one hundred and twenty-nine years.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.
Powell's Toilet Cologne,
Palmer's Handkerchief Extracts,
And a Full Line of Toilet Goods suitable for presents
FRANK L. POWELL,
DISPENSING CHEMIST,
Cor. Thames and Pelham St.

NOTICE!
Our store will close every day except Saturday at 6 P. M.
J. H Barney, Jr., & Co.,
PIANO WAREROOMS,
154 Thames Street.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.
Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

FOR
The Holidays
—AT—
Frasch's
We are offering a larger assortment than ever of Christmas Candies, Bonbons, Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias and Tree Ornaments at fabulously low prices.
For instance, we have Candies from 10c. per pound upwards. Chocolate Bonbons from 25c. per pound up.
Our Chocolate goods are made on the premises, of the purest and best material the market affords, and covered with the famous Stollwerck Bros.' chocolate, of Cologne, Germany.
You can buy of us Christmas Boxes and Cornucopias from 2c. upwards. It will pay all who are in need of sweets for the Holidays to give us a call and compare goods and prices.
Our Famous Excelsior Broken Candy at 20c. per pound cannot be beat in this or any other city.
A full line of Plain and Fancy Cake, Ice Cream and Ices always on hand. A liberal discount to Churches and Parties getting up Christmas Trees. Respectfully,
CHAS. F. FRASCH,
170 THAMES STREET.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST
Heating Stoves,
For Parlor, Halls and Stores,
FOR SALE BY
WM. K. COVELL,
161 THAMES STREET.

LOOK
—FOR—
Bargains
—IN—
OVERCOATS
—AND—
ULSTERS
AT THE
Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
208 Thames Street. 208

This Morning's News.

WILL BE HANGED.

Fate of Mayor Harrison's Assassin.

The Jury Gives a Unanimous Verdict against Prendergast.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Prendergast, the murderer of Carter H. Harrison, will be hanged for his crime. The verdict of the jury has said it, and the people of Chicago approve it. Ably defended as the assassin has been, strong as has been evidence adduced to save his neck from the halter, the jury has found him sane, responsible for his act, and demanded that he pay the highest price for his offence against the law.

Nothing since the commission of his crime has so irritated Prendergast as the comparison between himself and Charles Guiteau. He has resented it with energy and scorn, as though the assassin of Garfield was a foul and creeping thing compared with himself. But in the courtroom yesterday afternoon he showed that one trait existed in common between Guiteau and himself. He proved himself an unmanly, miserable coward; a creature who would have life at any price, under any conditions, anywhere, anyhow, only let it be life.

The Assassin Weakened.

When Clerk Fitzgerald arose to read the finding of the jury, the prisoner stood clutching the back of a chair, eyeing him with the most intense eagerness. His long, bony fingers nervously clasped and unclasped the back of the chair, his knees trembled violently, his face was flushed, and the spiteful looking mouth opened and closed as though he would say something, but lacked the power to speak.

"We, the jury, find the defendant, Patrick Eugene John Prendergast, guilty of murder in manner and form as charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at death."

Fitzgerald's voice, clear and calm, read out the finding, and died away with a slight emphasis on the final word.

Then Prendergast revealed himself the utter coward. His face turned pale, he opened his mouth to speak, but only a faint murmur came from between his hot and quivering lips.

His Fate Sealed.

He moved slightly and would have fallen to the floor but for the assistance of a bailiff. When the jury was polled he listened with avidity to each and every answer to Judge Brentano's question: "Was this and is this now your verdict?"

"It is," said Foreman Jacob Sutter, and "It is" repeated every other juror, and hope and the last vestige of courage faded utterly in Prendergast's breast. He was half led, half carried back to his cell, where, refusing to speak, he threw himself upon his bunk in the attempt to hide from his fellow-prisoners, whose expressions of satisfaction over the verdict were more emphatic than graceful, and more sincere than polite.

Before the Verdict.

Mr. Trude resumed his argument at the opening of court and spoke until within a few minutes of 12 o'clock. He closed with an eloquent plea for the conviction of the prisoner, as he had been proved sane by the preponderance of the evidence. When he finished the court announced a recess until 1 o'clock.

Court was in session a few minutes before that time and Judge Brentano began his charge to the jury precisely at 1 o'clock.

As the court commenced to read the instructions offered by the state Prendergast buried his face in a black handkerchief, which he held in his left hand, and never once did he look up or move until just at the close of the judge's charge, when the court instructed the jury as to the form of the verdict. At the mention of the word "Death" the prisoner dropped his hands for an instant. When the court said, "Or you may sentence him to the penitentiary for the term of his natural life." Prendergast again twitched nervously. At 1:30 the jury retired to consider the verdict.

Twenty minutes were consumed in delivering the charge, and then the judge said, "Gentlemen, you may retire to consider your verdict." Leaving the courtroom at 1:27, there was nothing heard from the jury until exactly an hour had elapsed. At 2:27 Bailiff Bush escorted the jury into court and the verdict was announced.

Back to His Cell.

Prendergast was led away to his cell in the jail and Bailiff Becker was detailed to stay with him. The prisoner refused to see any one, and as soon as he reached the cell threw himself face downwards on his bunk and would not gratify the curiosity of the crowd that gathered around the spot from which a view of the interior of his cell could be had by looking up.

In speaking of the jury after the verdict had been found, Judge Brentano said: "It was the most intelligent jury that I ever saw. There was not what you might term a cheap man in the lot. Every one of them was a good representative citizen, and much higher in the positions that they hold in the business and social word than the average man who can be secured for jury duty.

Decision Was Unanimous.

The jurymen all expressed themselves as heartily satisfied that the long weeks of tedious confinement were over. The jury was unanimously in favor of a death sentence. Two ballots were taken. The first to determine the guilt or innocence of the prisoner resulted in a unanimous verdict of guilty. The second ballot was to determine upon the penalty, and the 12 men all said. "Hanging."

None of the jurors would say anything special about their private deliberations.

PLANS OF DA GAMA.

Trying to Hold Out Until Insurgent Re-enforcements Arrive---Position of Insurgents at Rio is Extremely Critical.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Times today publishes the following dispatch from Rio de Janeiro:

During the past week the custom house has been closed on account of the firing from Cobras island. The government forts continue pounding Fort Villegaignon. The rumor of a naval fight near Desterro is not true. The Tiradentes and Bahia are now at Montevideo. The Aquidaban and the Republica are at Desterro. General Salgado with 1000 men arrived at Desterro on Wednesday from the south.

The present situation is as follows: Admiral Da Gama's forces number 1200 men, and he proposes keeping the government in check by harrassing the troops on the Litteral until the arrival of the insurgents from the south, and then attack northward. If Da Gama is able to hold out until the arrival of the insurgent reenforcements he will probably meet with success. The present position of the insurgents at Rio de Janeiro is extremely critical. Without aid Admiral Da Gama cannot hold out. The government will await the arrival of the new ships, and attack in force, opening fire with all the shore artillery, and using every effort to crush Admiral Da Gama.

The result of the revolution greatly depends upon the advance of the insurgents during the next 10 days.

Advices from the south state that Insurgent General Saraiva has defeated 2000 men under General Lima on the frontier of Parana and that he is now pursuing them.

Letters received here from Rio Grande do Sul, dated Dec. 12, say that there are 1000 soldiers in that city and that 4000 insurgents are in close proximity to the city.

Admiral Da Gama states that if any discontent is apparent on account of his monarchial opinions he will offer to resign his command.

THE TARIFF DEBATE

Not Expected to Occupy More Than Sixteen Days' Time.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The indications now are that the debate on the Wilson bill in the house will be much shorter than was originally anticipated. The fact that the debate did not begin in the house before the holidays and the opinion held by Democratic leaders that there is an urgent necessity for prompt action has led them to seriously discuss in the last day or two the advisability of limiting all debate to about two weeks.

Speaker Crisp, Representative Catchings and Mr. Montgomery yesterday talked over the question of the extent and character of the debate, and the consensus of opinion seemed to be that there was no necessity for prolonged discussion. They thought, considering the extensive discussion of the tariff question for the last six years, that four days ought to be sufficient for general debate and about 10 days for debate under the five-minute rule, when the bill would be open for amendment.

It is understood that beyond the exhaustive speech of Chairman Wilson, with which the the debate will open, not more than two set speeches will be made during the general debate by the Democratic members of the committee. The other members will content themselves with defending the measure when it is read by sections.

A Precedent.

Members who advocate this short debate say they find ample precedent for it in the debate on the McKinley bill, when in the house only four days were allowed for general debate, and between eight and 10 days for debate under the five-minute rule.

Twenty-three days after the McKinley bill passed the house the debate on it began in the senate; about three months later it passed that body. The final conference reports were agreed to and the bill was signed by the president three weeks later, and became a law five months after debate on it began in the house.

The famous tariff debate of 1888, when the Mills tariff bill was before congress, lasted 106 days in the house alone. Of that 23 days were consumed in general debate, and 83 days, with some interruptions, in consideration by sections under the five-minute rule.

In the senate the Republicans presented a substitute for the Mills bill known as the Allison substitute. The dedate on the substitute began Oct. 8, 1888, and it passed the senate Jan. 22, 1889, and both the Allison and Mills bills were allowed to die.

REVIEW OF TRADE

Shows the Year Just Ending to Have Been a Most Disastrous One---A General Shrinkage in All Branches of Business.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s review of trade says: Starting with the largest trade ever known, mills crowded with work, and all business stimulated by high hopes, the year 1893 has proved, in sudden shrinkage of trade, in commercial disasters and depression of industries, the worst for 50 years.

That the final results of the panic of 1837 were relatively more severe, the records of that time do not clearly show. The year closes with prices of many products the lowest ever known, with millions of workers seeking in vain for work, and with charity laboring to keep back suffering and starvation in all our cities. All hope the new year may bring brighter days, but the dying year leaves only a dismal record.

Not only manufactured goods as a whole, but the most important farm products are so low that producers find little comfort.

It is curious that the only trade showing any increase as yet is in groceries, the aggregate sales being 1 per cent larger than in the last half of 1892.

In 37 years, covered by the records of this agency, the number of failures has only once risen a little above 16,650 in a year. In 1893 the number reported has been 16,650. The aggregate of liabilities in all failures reported has in six years risen above $200,000,000.

This year the strictly commercial liabilities alone have exceeded $331,422,939, the liabilities of banking and financial institutions have been $210,956,864, and the liabilities of railroads placed in the hands of receivers about $1,212,217,033.

AN INCOME TAX

Appears to Find Favor In the Minds of Democratic Governors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The World today says that it has collected the opinions of men in all parts of the United States on the subject of an income tax, and prints what is said about the proposed tax by ex-President Harrison, the governors of 12 states and territories, and by a few prominent western politicians. Ex-President Harrison, it says, speaks guardedly, but the governors speak almost without reserve. The governors of North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Indiana, Arkansas and Utah, all Democrats, are unqualifiedly and enthusiastically in favor of such a tax. The Republican governors of Nebraska and Idaho and the governor of West Virginia oppose it. The Democratic governor of Mississippi has no opinion, and is content to let the statesmen of the country decide. The People's party governor of Kansas is in favor of an income tax unless nothing better presents itself.

INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

Proposals of the United States Discussed in the House of Commons.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—In the house of commons further correspondence was placed before the members in regard to the proposals of the United States for the settlement of international disputes. The papers include a letter from Secretary Gresham to Mr. Pauncefote, dated Dec. 4 of the present year.

Solicitor General Rigby, replying to a question from James H. Dalzell, said that the Duke of Edinburgh does not cease to be a British subject by swearing allegiance to a foreign state.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to Mr. Labouchere, who asked whether there was any hope of an early evacuation of Egypt, as promised, said that it was undesirable to add anything to the statement already made on the subject. Any negotiations must obviously take place with Turkey and not with the khedive.

A Grand Offer.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Dec. 30.—The following telegram has been sent to Corbett and Mitchell: "Seventy gold production mines in this camp authorize us to offer you a purse of $25,000 in gold bullion to bring the Corbett-Mitchell fight here. Answer." It is signed by Mayor Whiting and three other men.

Marks Will Get No Votes.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Rudolph Marks, an actor, has been granted a permanent injunction preventing Joseph Jaffa, proprietor of Der Wachter, a newspaper, from using his name in a contest to determine whether he or Actor Mojuleska is the most popular.

Carnegie's Generosity.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 30.—The citizens' committee for the relief of the unemployed of Pittsburg formally accepted the offer of Andrew Carnegie to duplicate the contributions made to the general fund in any sum up to an aggregate of $250,000.

ALCOHOL AND ACONITE

The Beverage Indulged in by a Party of Tramps at Attleboro.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Dec. 30. — Two tramps, whose names are not known, met their death last night, and two others, Creese Jones of Pittsburg and John McLane of New York, were made deadly sick by drinking a concoction of alcohol and aconite, purchased at one of the drug stores. Jones purchased the stuff, and a company of eight drank from the bottle at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

During the evening they applied for lodgings at the Dunham street jail, and at 9 o'clock all were taken suddenly ill. The two unknown tramps started for assistance, but before reaching the street dropped dead in the jail yard.

They were discovered by a citizen, who called Medical Examiner Holden, who saved the lives of Jones and McLane.

The other four members of the party, fearing arrest, fled. At midnight they were found at North Attleboro apparently well.

TOWN STIRRED UP.

Dr. Bray Deserted His Wife and Family For Myrtie Huntoon.

LEBANON, N. H., Dec. 30.—Lebanon society is much agog over a sensational elopement case. The principals are Dr. C. S. Bray of West Lebanon and Miss Myrtie Huntoon of White River Junction, Vt. Dr. Bray hired a team from a local livery stable, prepaying charges, and promising to return by 10 o'clock Thursday night. The team not showing up yesterday, search was instituted, with but little avail until new light was shed on the case by a dispatch from the Junction announcing the disappearance of Miss Huntoon. Detectives are on the track, but nothing further of their whereabouts has been learned. Bray leaves a wife and children at West Lebanon.

A $25,000 Fire at Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—What threatened to be a disastrous conflagration in this city was stopped by the energetic work of the fire department at the fire which broke out in the five-story building, 86-92 Federal street, this morning. The fire started in the bookbindery of James Herne & Co., on the fifth floor, and extended to the fourth floor, where it was confined. It is estimated that the damage will amount to $25,000.

Bostonians Are Generous.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the unemployed received by Kidder, Peabody & Co, amount to $23,000. A new charity was instituted in the rooms of the Union Rescue mission which gives meals at the nominal price of 5 cents. It is supported by business men, and it seems to be a great success.

Trout and Salmon For Moosehead.

GREENVILLE, Me., Dec. 30.—The hatching house at Mt. Kineo is to receive 200,000 small trout and 50,000 land-locked salmon within a few days for the hatchery. The fish will be deposited in Moosehead lake when able to take care of themselves, and the fishing must be greatly improved thereby.

Two Mysterious Fires.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 30.—The new town hall in West Haven was set on fire last night and damaged to the extent of $3000. Simultaneously the stables belonging to Mrs. George A. Kelsey were burned, with a loss of $1000. The authorities are investigating.

Guarding Against Smallpox.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 30.—The school board is taking precautions against contagious diseases. Nearly 1000 children were vaccinated yesterday and the board voted to abolish the use of slates. Writing will hereafter be done with paper and pencil.

Big Orders on Hand.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The Roxbury carpet factory started again yesterday with about 50 hands to get things in readiness for Monday, when about 400 hands will be put to work. The company has several large orders to fill.

CHURCH SERVICES FOR TOMORROW.

Protestant Episcopal.

TRINITY PARISH, Rev. George J. Magill, D. D. Rev. Hamilton Schuyler, Rev. John Hedman. Holy Communion at 8 A. M. in Kay Chapel; morning service at 10.45 A. M. Sunday school at 2.30 P. M. The Christmas services of the Sunday school will be held in the church at 4 o'clock.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION, services in Kay Chapel at 10.45 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, Rhode Island avenue, Rev. C. G. Gilliat, D. D. Early celebration at 8 A. M. Services with sermon at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

CHAPEL OF ST. JOHN, THE EVANGELIST, Poplar street, Rev. E. L. Buckey. Holy Communion at 7.30. Morning prayer at 10.30.

EMMANUEL CHURCH, Rev. E. H. Porter. Services at 10:45 and 7:30.

Baptist.

FIRST CHURCH, Rev. W. F. Arrington. Preaching at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.; young people's prayer meeting, 6.45 P. M. MISSION CHAPEL, Tilley avenue, at 7.30 o'clock.

SECOND CHURCH, Rev. M. S. Howes. Sunday school at 10 45 A. M. Preaching at 3 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, Rev. Warren Randolph, D. D. 10.45 A. M. and 7 30 P. M.

SHILOH CHURCH, Rev. H. N. Jeter. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by the pastor; subject, "The Christian's Declaration." Sunday school at 12.30. Watch meeting service at 9 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal.

FIRST CHURCH, Rev. E. C. Bass, D. D. Preaching at 10.45 and evening service at 7.30

THAMES-STREET, Rev. H. B. Cady. Preaching service at 10:45 A. M. Sunday school at 12:10. Evening service at 7:30

SWEDISH MISSION, Annandale road, Rev. H. Olsen. Services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.

MOUNT ZION, (African M. E.) Bellevue avenue, Rev. I. S. Yeommans. Services at 10.30 A. M., and 8 P. M.

Congregational.

UNITED CHURCH, Rev. Robert W. Wallace. Preaching service at 10.45 A. M. Sunday school at 12:15 P. M. Evening service at 7:30.

UNION CHURCH, Rev. M. Van Horne. Afternoon service at 3 o'clock; subject, "The Span of Years," with a special musical program. New Year's praise service at 8 P. M.: subject, "Reflections on the New Year; How to Meet Its Duties."

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Wellington avenue. Rev. J. M. Craig. Preaching at 10.45 A. M.

Roman Catholic.

ST. MARY'S, Rev. Philip Grace, D. D., Rev. John F. Tully and Rev. James Looby, assistants. Low masses at 7, 8.15 and 9.15; high mass at 10.30 A. M.; vespers at 3 P. M.

ST. JOSEPH'S, Clarke and Touro streets, Rev. James Coyle, Rev. Mortimer G. Downing, assistant. Low masses at 7, 8 and 9; high mass and sermon at 10.30. Vespers at 7:30.

Unitarian.

CHANNING MEMORIAL CHURCH, Rev. George W. Cutter. Morning service at 10.45, followed by a celebration of the Holy Communion. In the evening Rev. Mr. Cutter will give a lecture on "Zoroaster and the Parsees."

Young Men's Christian Association.

Service at 9.30 A. M. and 8 P. M. at rooms, 165 Thames street. Boys' meeting at 4.30, conducted by Mr. Hale.

Friends.

MEETING HOUSE, Marlborough street. Morning meeting at 10.30 and evening meeting at 7.30. Sabbath school at 12 o'clock.

Swedish Lutheran.

Services in charge of L. Bomander, in Barker's hall, 283½ Thames street, at 10.45 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.

JAMESTOWN.

ST. MATTHEW'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. G. J. Magill. Service at 11 A. M. Sunday school at 12.15 A. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. G. S. Smith, preaching services 11 A. M., 7.45 P. M.

MIDDLETOWN.

ST. COLUMBA'S BERKELEY MEMORIAL CHURCH, Southeast Cliffs. Services at 10.30 A. M.; evening prayer at 3. Sunday school at 2.

MIDDLETOWN FOUR CORNERS, Rev. W. H. Allen. Sunday school at 10.30 A. M. Preaching service at 2.30 P. M.

ST. MARY'S PARISH, Rev. George Herbert Patterson. HOLY CROSS CHAPEL, West road, Service at 2.30 P. M.

PORTSMOUTH.

ST. MARY'S PARISH, Rev. George Herbert Patterson, ST. MARY'S CHURCH, 11 A. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Rev. Henry W. McCrone, East road and Union street, services at 2 and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 12.

ST. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. Sturgis Pearce. Services at 10.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. Sunday school at 1.45 P. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. George E. Butler. Preaching at 10.30 A. M.; Sunday school at 12 M.; praise and prayer meeting at 7 P. M.

Saratoga Kissingen Water. "The Pearl of Purity"

THE BEST Sparkling Table Water IN THE WORLD. The Only Table Water bottled with its own natural Gas just as it flows from the Spring.

Spouts up through 192 feet of Solid Rock and is not exposed to the air until opened for use. It contains NO manufactured Carbonic Acid Gas; its natural gas being the ONLY effervescent.

SARATOGA KISSINGEN GINGER ALE is made from the Positively Pure Saratoga Kissingen Water, without exposure to the air, and like it, contains NO manufactured Carbonic Acid Gas. BOTH SOLD EVERYWHERE, IN BOTTLES ONLY.

Saratoga Kissingen Spring Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

5

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed.

For blood poisoning, mercurial poisoning, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, erysipelas, eczema—we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 14th, 1893.—I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was affected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 35 years, was treated by the very best physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, tried every known remedy without finding relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of the above diseases.
MRS. M. M. YEARY,
Springfield, Green County, Mo.

Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., ...
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: Gentlemen—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief. It purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles.
Yours truly, CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors,

Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

JEWELERS.

WATCHES and JEWELRY

Ready for inspection and sale at

E. C. BLAINE'S,

246 Thames Street.

White Onyx Clocks,

FRENCH MOVEMENTS.

the best there is made.

Only $20 and $25,

—AT—

OTTO RUECKER'S,

190 THAMES STREET

EVERY housekeeper finds a slice of delicious Ham just broiled to a turn, or a dainty silver of Breakfast Bacon, furnishes a most appetizing relish with

Flesh, Fish, or Fowl.

Only Grocers who really handle the BEST GOODS will supply the "FERRIS" brand, but it is worth the Consumer's while to INSIST upon having these CHOICE MEATS.

"A Little Higher in Price, BUT —!"

WE HAVE OPENED AN UNUSUALLY GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Tea Tables,

Palm Stands, Pedestals,

Umbrella Stands and Easels

For the holiday trade, at prices to suit the times. A full stock also of

Desks, Bookcases, Chiffoniers, etc.

EDWARD P. MARSH,

101 & 103 Thames Street.

FLORISTS.

IMMORTELLES CLOSING OUT AT REDUCED PRICES. Primroses, double and Single Hyacinths, Pinks, Fine Violets Palms, Rubber Plants, Aspidistras. 346 WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, Broadway, 346.

NOTICE.

A large lot of Palms, Rubber Plants and a large variety of other plants, just the thing to make many hearts happy, for a Christmas present. Prices very low—50 cents and upwards. Fine cut flowers a specialty. Funeral, wedding and decoration work done A No. 1 and at very low rates.

H. J. HASS,

234 Thames Street.

Connected by telephone.

FLOWERS BY TELEGRAPH.

We deliver fresh-cut flowers as well as floral designs, in any city of the United States and Canada, and in all the principal cities of Europe at short notice. As members of the Florists' International Telegraph-Delivery Association we deliver fresh flowers through the best resident Florists' members in all parts of the world.

Gibson Brothers,

115 Bellevue Ave. | Malbone Road.

Special Bargains in Ribbon

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

In Satin, Gros, Grain and Watered, in all the latest colors: 5c., worth 8c.; 13c., worth 25c.; 30c., worth 50c.; 38c., worth 63c.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames Street.

Fire-Proof Storage.

APPLY TO

DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE.

TO CLOSE OUT Christmas Goods!

50 Children's Chairs reduced from $1 to 72c.

Children's Writing Desks, reduced from 75c. to 60c.

Children's Sleds, reduced from 75c. to 50c.

Children's Blackboards, reduced from 75c. to 62c.

Dexter Rockers, reduced from $1 to 75c.

Wheelbarrows, reduced from 50c. to 38c.

Easels at 20 per cent. discount (6 elegant styles).

Wool Horse Blankets cut to cost to close out the stock

These discounts hold till stock taking Jan. 1, '94.

For spring colds, croup and pains, use Sloan's Liniment; one application cures. Rheumatism must go under its use.
Full line of Sloan's Medicines.

Geo. A. Weaver,

19, 21 and 23 BROADWAY.

Christmas Trees,

Mistletoe, Holly, Stars, Anchors, Crosses, Wreaths, Single and Double Wreathing.

Oranges, Table Apples, Bananas, New York Figs, Dates, etc., in great abundance and at low prices.

W. F. WILLIAMSON,

206 Thames Street.

Agent for the Fall River Laundry.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

SEASONABLE NOTES.

When Clarissa comes into the room with a paper in her hand and a certain expression on her face John says, "I told you so," before she has time to get the words out, for he well knows that they are coming.

"Of course I did," responds Clarissa on this occasion, "and anybody with common sense might have known what the result would be of churches economizing on their Christmas decorations and giving the money in charity. Here is the other side of the story in the papers. There is nothing about taking work from the deserving so as to be blessed for giving to the lazy and the unemployed who will not work under two dollars a day, but there is a report of the disastrous season for the gatherers of Christmas greens. Imagine the blank despair of people, like those we see in Jackson valley, for an example, when they found no market for what brings them in usually almost the winter's living.

It always takes away from the pleasure of a mountain trip to see those desolate houses scattered in the valleys and on the hillsides, old houses, but with boarded-up doors and windows that have never been finished, and with roofs only half shingled, and that half worn to rags. It is utter lack of everything but scenery that is not appreciated, and tow-headed children that add to the burdens. I know people drive by in delightful buck-board parties, and say how much better off these country people are than the poor of the crowded tenement-houses of the cities, but as for me, I had rather spend a winter in a gutter in New York or London than in such places in such poverty."

"The Church of the Heavenly Rest," John reminds her.

"No, I am too disgusted with that to mention it. Here are bundles of Christmas trees, sold in other years at wholesale for a dollar and a quarter, going begging this year at thirty cents, and later wagon loads of them sold for fifty cents, and finally thousands left to be carted off and thrown away at an additional loss to the dealer who was obliged to dispose of them after Christmas. Green coil had to be sold as low as a dollar a hundred yards, and if you had ever made it you would know that does not mean fifty cents an hour for work. There was very little coil sold even at this price, because it is the churches mainly that use it. Green stars and wreaths brought a dollar a dozen, cheerful for children whose red little hands [illegible] groping along the country [illegible] creeping-Jenny and wood-pine, and [illegible] the mothers who have filled their [illegible] too full days making these figures. We [illegible] mention what the men lose. If four [illegible] thousand trees were sent to New [illegible] and its vicinity this year, as the papers [illegible] there must be a good many men ill paid. I feel as if we had committed an unpardonable sin, and as if all those tow-headed youngsters in the mountains were going to school barefoot in the snow. If the President of these United States was a woman, she would order a new Christmas, where we were to be lavish with our money to the last degree in every way that gives people work, and go without sugar in our coffee and butter on our bread for the rest of the year."

"Nice for the owners of sugar plantations and for the farmers' wives who make butter," said John.

They were speaking of this study of the time taken for the transference of thought, and of the rapidity with which thought is followed by action, and one, for a measure, spoke of a needle breaking in her hand and getting her eye shut before the bit of steel that snapped had time to strike the lid. It was said to be true that whenever a person was shot in the eye the ball was found to have pierced the eyelid, which would indicate in this case a quick movement as the result of quick thinking.

The amount of pure cheek displayed by the shop-lifter now under arrest in another city moves to admiration. She has been stealing for two years but, though suspected, has never been detected before. When she stole articles of the wrong size or not quite the quality wanted she would return to the store and ask for an exchange, and though the things were known never to have been sold to her, in some cases from boxes that had never been sold from, what could be said to a quiet and well-appearing woman? There was nothing to be done but to keep a detective watching, and now he has caught the thief.

There is altogether too much of this shop-lifting going on, for the comfort of respectable people who may find themselves in trouble at any moment. A case in Boston, where a well-known lady was arrested by mistake, is recent enough and well-enough known to still keep many Boston women from ever entering the store. Washington had a sensation last spring, when the proprietors of the largest dry goods store there were sued for such an arrest and had to pay ten thousand dollars damage. The lady in this case was overcome with mortification and distress at the time, and was perfectly willing to let the affair drop, but after a year it was found that the story of her arrest for stealing was well known and her innocence doubted by many, and it was decided to appeal to the courts, where she was completely cleared. The merchants say the amount of shop-lifting is beyond belief, but the danger of getting the wrong person or of driving customers from their stores is so great that the thefts are quite generally overlooked. And this is as it should be. The goods are kept on the counters to attract customers, and for the benefit of the merchants. Any risk ought to be run by them. It would be an empty store soon that had the name of arresting customers, even suspicious ones.

PERSONALS.

....Rev. William J. Potter of New Bedford, whose death has recently been reported, was the only clergyman drafted during the war. He showed an earnest patriotism from the beginning of the contest, and expressed an intense desire that he might be drafted. On July 23 his name was drawn. The following Sunday he preached a sermon on "The Voice of the Draft," which attracted Secretary Stanton's attention, who wrote to the young clergyman to come to Washington, though Mr. Potter answered that he intended to abide by the result of the draft. Leave of absence was granted him by his church, and he served out his term.

....William Black, the novelist, has recently been confined to his house at Brighton, England, with a somewhat severe illness.

....Hon. Thomas Clark, president of the Norwich line of Sound steamers to New York until a few weeks ago, is critically ill at his home in Stonington.

....Mr. Charles A. Hewins of Boston has a valuable and interesting relic of "Good Queen Bess" of England, in the shape of a glove which was worn by Her Majesty at her coronation ceremonies in the year 1559.

....Governor Russell of Massachusetts has received an urgent letter from Henry Watterson, tendering a public demonstration in his honor at Louisville on January 8, Mr. Watterson, Secretary Carlisle and Governor Brown of Kentucky to be his escort. Mr. Russell has been obliged to decline.

....Congressman Charles A. Russell, representing the Third Connecticut district, has received a petition signed by a large number of his constituents in New London, asking that Secretary Herbert of the Navy name one of the cruisers now being built New London, in honor of the sturdy little city on the Thames.

....Commander-in-Chief Adams of the Grand Army of the Republic is again confined to his home in Lynn, his wound in the leg being so painful. The wound is entirely healed up on the outside, but there is a cavity beneath. The leg will not be strong until it entirely fills up, which will require some time. No serious results, however, are feared.

....The Navy Register of today shows that of the two hundred and twenty-one officers above the rank of lieutenant in the navy in 1861, only five are now living, and these are on the retired list. They are Rear Admirals Thomas O. Selfridge, Samuel P. Lee, Joseph F. Greene and Henry Walke and Commodore Henry Bruce. During the last five years death has removed, of this class, Vice Admiral S. C. Rowan, eight rear admirals and three commodores.

....The will of New Brunswick's late lieutenant governor, Hon. John Boyd, bequeaths all his real and personal property to Mrs. Boyd, on condition that she shall pay all his personal indebtedness. One clause in the will reads: "Other bequests I intended for friends and public institutions in this city, I have to omit, as my property has been so largely lessened by those who returned me evil for good, and but for whose sad doings I would have been able to live a happier life, and to have given largely to many persons and objects that I had in view."

IN LIGHT MARCHING ORDER.

The delicious garnitures—really, gowns are spoken of now a good deal as if they were dishes at a swell dinner—that transform a simple get-up into a rather elaborate one are a great convenience to the out-of-town girl who wants to make a whole day in town, when she does the theatre. She may bring in her mandolin case, and in it is a dainty little collarette cape, with a high folded collar of dull heliotrope velvet, with a fall of yellow lace from it that vests a series of green satin capes. Each cape is cut into panels, each panel is edged with lace, and all lap in different directions. This little affair goes on in a half minute, and is so dainty and elaborate that no one looks further. In the little case goes also the coronet theatre bonnet, just a gold band that sets low around the sides of the head and holds a tiny flare of narrow ribbon in the front, a rosette at each side and a flash of paste somewhere. The fresh, light gloves, a

handkerchief, a wee box of powder and a puff, perhaps a few hair-pins, too, and the little lady is ready for the evening. The mandolin case is checked at the depot, and when evening comes the change is made in a few moments and she meets her escort just as if she had only come in on the train. Meanwhile, she has really been shopping, and it is her shopping dress that now, garnitured, is the sweetly pretty theatre gown that makes Launcelot Vivian or John Thomas her "owneet own" more than ever.

A promenade dress made of mixed silk and wool changeable goods is sketched above. It is not adapted to a double use, but if she be inside he will not have it otherwise, depend upon it. The skirt is trimmed with two groups of bias folds, consisting each of a velvet fold between two of satin. The bodice comes over the skirt and is made of satin. Over it is a short bolero jacket of velvet, turned back in revers, and over the shoulders and across the back are two circular ruffles of satin. The sleeves consist of full velvet puffs and long satin cuffs.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

American workingmen ought to have learned by this time that wages are not controlled by the tariff. That manufacturers of a highly protected commodity might afford to pay higher wages does not need to be said. That is the common pretext for high duties. But the manufacturer is not yet born who will habitually pay any more than is necessary to secure satisfactory work. And the rates that he must pay for this are not determined either by what he can afford to pay or by what the workingmen think they ought to get, but simply by the amount and kind of labor at any time seeking employment.

At a time like the present, most manufacturers can afford to remain idle. They are not in any danger of personal want, and as the conditions of trade are sure to be better in the spring than they are now, it is rather to their advantage to wait. But the workmen need employment now. There are more men out of work in Kensington than the most liberal manufacturers can be expected to find employment for, and for the men to stand out for full wages at this time is as unjust to themselves and their families as it is to those employers who have the disposition to give them work.—[Philadelphia Times.

The solidest man in Texas,
The Wickedest man on earth,
The solemn-most saint in Chicago,
And the dearest "Fair Maid of Perth"
Will "pool" their issues when ever it comes
To getting their money's worth.

And they are wise. Scrofula, Bronchitis, Liver Ailments, Consumption, Dyspepsia and weak kidneys put one entirely out of the humor of fooling along, wasting health and wealth on humbugs, when a reasonable sum expended for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery would restore their bodies and "put money in their purses."

THE YEAR'S DAY.

After the winter's night
From the world is withdrawn,
Out of the darkness gleams the light,—
Spring,—and the year's fresh dawn.

Blossom and leaf and bud,
And the birds all in tune:
Time in a fragrant, golden flood,—
Summer,—the year's glad noon.

Crimson, the roses blew,
And the grove's breath is musk:
Then to the year the sunset glow,—
Autumn,—and hints of dusk.

Glimmer the stars of frost,
And the wind at the door
Mournfully sings of something lost,—
Winter—and night once more.

—[F. D. Sherman, in the Century.

THE KING IS DEAD.

Behold a dying King! the hoary year—
His garnered days are gathered in the sheaf—
The glory, and the grandeur, and the grief
Are ended now, and only death is here.

Tread lightly and let fall, perchance, a tear
For this poor King whose reign was all too brief,
Whose splendor has become a withered leaf,
A flickering candle, and a waiting bier.

But hark, the stroke is on the midnight hour.
See! he is clutching, gasping, he is gone!
This infant at the door! what doth he bring?
Ring out, ring out from every town and tower!
Ring out the bells until the break of dawn,
And shout, "The King is dead! Long live the King!"

—[Outing for January.

FANCIES.

People who dislike giving exhibitions of their strength—shop-lifters.

If a fair exchange is no robbery, then no one need fear to trade at the Woman's Exchange.

"I wouldn't give ten cents a cord for that pottery, for I couldn't burn it."

"No; nor tie anything with it."

The grub that destroys the books in our libraries is said to get in its best work in the dark; in other words, the book-worm works at night.

Molly received for Christmas a dress pattern which she proposes to have made decollete, as it would be such a pity to waist so much pretty material.

Santa Claus (carefully removing a toy pistol, a sword and a wooden cannon from the depths of his pack, and putting them in the stocking)—Lucky no one saw me, or I would have been arrested for carrying concealed weapons, if not for breaking and entering.

"I am so sorry for old Mrs. Hardlott; her house is so bad the rain comes through her roof."

"Why don't you repair it for her, papa?" chirped in Kitty, who had just returned from Sunday school. "You will be so much in, in the day of judgment, you know."

Robert had been told never to ask for the second piece at table, as the waiter would bring the dish to him in due time. Things did not turn out to Robert's satisfaction, and he was very hungry. Turning to a dignified gentleman next to him he said: "Please, sir, will you lend me a piece of your ham until Morris passes the dish?"

SUBSCRIBED.

The thieves are busily at it in all direction. The way they carry on is only equaled by the way they carry off.—[Philadelphia Times.

When the firemen draw back the stream to put out a conflagration they may be said to have set the river on fire.—[Boston Transcript.

Edith—Mr. Waite says that blue blood runs in his family.

May—So? I've cut him lately, but I hadn't noticed it.—[Scribner's Magazine.

Kerr—To succeed in New York, a journalist needs to have a great nose for news.

Biff—I don't see why that is. Most of the news published in the papers is so very odoriferous.—[Truth.

"Do you expect to receive calls on New Year day?" asked Willie Hicollar.

"Yes," answered Mamie Hollerton; "I'll have to. The telephone exchange where I work wouldn't give me the day off. Isn't it mean?"—[Washington Star.

Higgins—There comes Baggs. I don't care to meet that fellow. I asked him to lend me ten dollars one day last spring.

Hoggins.—He ought to have let you have it; he's rich.

Higgins—Well, you see, he did.—[Life.

1824 TO 1893; OR THE OLD COMEDY OF "YOUTH AND AGE."

1894—Pooh, if I couldn't do better than you have done I'd go sell out.

1893 (very meekly)—I've done the best I could. To be sure, I had a panic, but then I had a World's Fair; and I am sure the repeal of the silver bill ought to count in my favor.

1894—Well, you just watch me for about twelve months, you old duffer. Now, I'll just give you a pointer or two as to my intentions. My crops are to be the greatest ever known, and they are to grow all the year round. Workmen are going to strike for smaller wages; money'll be so plentiful they won't want to carry it around. There's to be no sickness worth speaking about, except a few cases of colic for babies. The Gould family is to become a charitable organization, and everybody is to be invited to join the four hundred. When railroad trains meet on the same track, they will politely take off their smoke-stacks, beg pardon, and pass around each other. All records for everything are to be smashed, and—hello! it's 12 o'clock. Hands off there, pumpkin-head! Let her go, January! whoop her up, February! Rip, slap, bang! We're off!—[Truth.

HANDSOME, YET MODEST.

IDEAL DESIGN FOR A RESIDENCE CONTAINING ELEVEN ROOMS.

If all houses which are built should be designed as carefully as a conscientious artist paints a picture, the result in the appearance of our towns and cities would be eminently more satisfactory than it is today. There is no reason why this should not be so. There is every reason why it should be so. A house stands for a long time, to ornament or to disfigure its immediate location. The designing of houses, considered from the standpoint of their exterior, is not considered with the seriousness which belongs to that part of the work. Convenience is a necessity; it is expected.

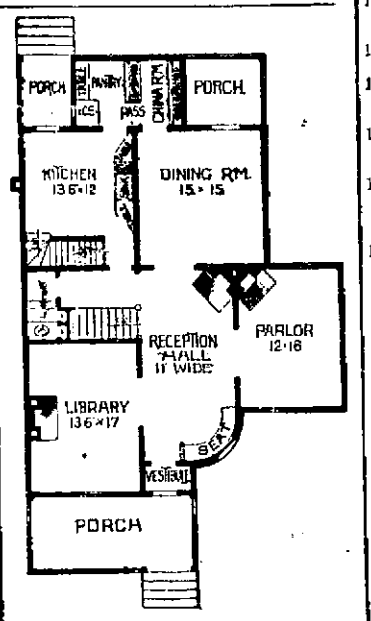
All should bear in mind that it costs no more to make a house look attractive than it does to make it look ugly; it costs no more to make an attractive molding than it does an ugly one; it costs no more to make a beautiful door than one which is obtrusive; it costs no more to have the casings and the interior of a room of delicate artistic pattern than it does something which is coarse and crude. The amount of labor and material which is represented in one instance and the other is practically without difference. An attractive outline is no more expensive than one which is ugly.

It is true that a great many more houses are ruined as to their appearance from having work piled upon them than by having too little. Most of our houses are ugly because they are aggressive; because they have crude, heavy porches; lumbering chimney towers; wild and ill-proportioned dormers and balconies, and other excrescences that are ugly. On the other hand, there are very few houses which are built with any kind of an outline which may not be improved by a simplicity of detail and a

PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

regard for the particular forms, which may be done without any added expense to the building itself. It is a question of thought and study in making the drawings. It is a question with the artist. It is a question as to whether the artist is there or not. No man builds better than his architect knows. If his architect is not an artist, his house is not artistic. He cannot force something which is not there.

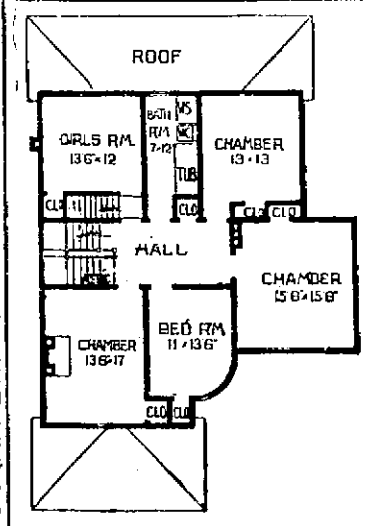
The illustration which accompanies this article is certainly of a simple, straightforward building. It has a tower of moderate dimensions, but the details are not rich, they are not expensive, and it is not obtrusive. The porch embraces much less material and labor



FIRST STORY.

than usually go into such a structure. The dormers are simple, and the general finishing of the house is of a modest character. It is relatively an inexpensive structure, and one which would reflect credit on those who would have the good taste to build it. A structure of this kind can be made ugly simply by the little things which should be put upon it. The moldings should be exactly right. The little touches should be carried out exactly as they are indicated. Departures therefrom mean disaster, in so far as it affects the appearance of the house.

As to the floor plan, it tells its own story. It is one of those centre hall buildings with rooms on each side, than which nothing can be better. When one builds an ideal structure, there is a hall in the centre and rooms on each



SECOND STORY.

side. The reception hall idea has always been a compromise. It is a house which belongs to a narrow lot. There are many beautiful houses of this kind; but, on the other hand, they are never as attractive and never as satisfactory as in the case of a house which has a hall and the rooms distributed on either side of it. This building has been studied as carefully with respect to its interior—the arrangement of its kitchen, its pantry, its bathroom, the cellar and the practical fittings which go with all—as though the exterior had not been regarded in the serious spirit which has been mentioned above.

LOUIS H. GIBSON.

"A snake in the grass" is all the more dangerous from being unsuspected. So are many of the blood medicines offered the public. To avoid all risk, ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and also for Ayer's Almanac, which is just out for the new year.

Attractive Homes
—AT—
Harrington Park,
BERGEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY
On the West Shore R. R., 17 Miles from New York.

Plots are offered for sale for five cents per square foot. Property is carefully restricted. For further particulars application may be made personally or by letter to
J. EDWARD GILES,
127 East Sixteenth Street, New York

Charles W. Gardiner & Co.,
Plasterers and Stone Masons
162 THAMES STREET.

Oatmeal Eaters.

Galen lived to be - - 140.
Cardinal de Salis to be 110.
Old Parr to be - - - 153.

All famous oatmeal eaters, and this was before

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal,

the perfect oatmeal, was known.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

December 30.

40—Titus, Roman emperor, born; died 81.
1460—Richard, Duke of York, father of Edward IV and Richard III, captured and executed at Pontefract.
1504—Queen Isabella of Spain, patron of Columbus, died; born 1451.
1568—Roger Ascham, tutor to Queen Elizabeth, died; born 1515.
1787—Otto von Kotzebue, explorer of the coast of Russian America, born in Revel, Russia; died there 1846.
1851—Lajos (Louis) Kossuth, Hungarian patriot and exile, visited Washington on invitation of Congress; he still lives in Turin.
1861—The banks in nearly all the eastern cities suspended specie payments.
1865—Henry Winter Davis, statesman, died in Baltimore; born 1817.
1891—Mary Macrae Stuart, a noted philanthropist of New York city, died there; born 1819; after giving away large sums during life she bequeathed $5,000,000 to public and charitable institutions.

December 31.

1384—John Wycliffe, first noted English reformer, died; born 1324.
1494—Jacques Cartier, first to sail up the St. Lawrence, born at St. Malo, France; died 1555.
1668—Herman Boerhave, noted Dutch physician, born at Voorhent; died 1738.
1720—Charles Edward, "The Younger Pretender," grandson of James II of Scotland, born in Rome; died there 1778.
1775—Unsuccessful attack of Americans on Quebec; General Richard Montgomery killed; born 1736.
1801—Peter John de Smet, missionary among the Flathead Indians and noted explorer of the northwest, born in Belgium; died 1873.
1815—General George Gordon Meade, commander of the victorious Union army at Gettysburg, born in Cadiz, Spain; died in Philadelphia 1872.
1862—Battle of Stone's river, Tennessee (known also as Murfreesboro). The celebrated ironclad monitor went down at midnight in a storm off Cape Hatteras.
1874—Hon. George M. Dallas, ex-Vice President, died at Philadelphia. Ledru Rollin, French agitator and politician, died; born 1808.
1890—Francis Elias Spinner, famous as treasurer of the United States, died in Jacksonville, Fla.; born 1802.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

DRUGGISTS.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
OLD No. 145, NEW No. 226 THAMES STREET.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Hot Water Bags
AND COVERS,
Oiled Silk,
Clinical Thermometers,
Hypodermic Syringes,
Assortment of Cottons and Gauzes and everything needed in the sick room.
Geo. A. Wood, Druggist,
100 BROADWAY.

We have on hand an assortment of goods suitable for
Holiday Presents
Which will be sold at very low prices. Our stock of fine Toilet Colognes and Handkerchief Perfumes is complete. Try our concentrated Sachet Powders—fragrant and lasting.
DOWNING BROTHERS,
PHARMACISTS,
42 & 44 BROADWAY,

ESTABLISHED 1780.
Hazard, Hazard & Co.,
Successors to Caswell, Hazard & Co.,
Have just received a very complete line of
Silk, Flannel and Cashmere Lined Chamois Vests,
For ladies and gentlemen. Also Lung and Chest Protectors at prices lower than ever sold before in this city.
212 Thames Street.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

For Coughs
Use Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry
Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil Compound Coltsfoot Tablets,
PREPARED BY
JAS. T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.,
Registered Pharmacist,
Washington Square.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Only $2 to New York,
Via Fall River Line,
For first class limited tickets. Fares reduced to all points beyond New York. Steamers PILGRIM and PLYMOUTH in commission. Leave Newport, week days, 2.15; Sundays, 10.15 P.M. Due New York 7.30 A.M. Annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City connects with steamer on arrival.
Returning from New York, steamers leave Pier 26, North River, foot of Murray street, week days and Sundays, at 5 P.M. Connecting annex boat leaves Brooklyn 4.30 P.M., Jersey City, 4.45 P.M. East bound steamers touch at Newport at 3.15 A.M.
A fine orchestra on each boat.
For tickets and staterooms apply at the New York & Boston Despatch Express office, 319 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent.
J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Mg'r, Boston, Mass.
GEORGE L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport.

NEWPORT AND WICKFORD
Railroad & Steamboat Co.
"The Wickford Route."

In effect December 25, 1893.

Leave	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newport,	10 00	4 20	*6 00
Providence, arr.	12 05	6 13	9 55
Boston, "	1 25	7 30	11 00
New York, "	4 30	11 00	B
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Leave	NIGHT.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
New York,	‡†12 03	....	5 01	1 00
Boston,	....	....	10 03	3 00
Providence,	....	6 40	11 18	5 00
Newport, arr.	8 25	8 35	1 00	7 00
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

*Connects at Providence with mail train due in New York at 7 A.M.
†Except Saturdays.
‡Via Providence.
B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2.15 A.M.
For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.
Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service, between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.
On and after Sunday, Dec. 3, 1893, trains will leave Newport for Boston, week days, 7.05, 10.15 a.m., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Return 5.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.45 a.m., 3.40, 4.35, a5.10, a6.00 p.m. Middletown, c7.30, c10.15 a.m., c2.00, c5.15 p.m. Portsmouth Grove, c7.30, c10.15 a.m., c2.55, c5.15 p.m. Portsmouth, 7.30, 10.15 a.m., 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Bristol Ferry, 7.30, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Tiverton, 7.30, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Fall River, 7.30, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Taunton, 7.30, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Middleboro', 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Cape Cod, 7.45 a.m., 2.55 p.m. Plymouth, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 2.55 p.m. New Bedford, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Fitchburg and Stations on Northern Division, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 2.55 p.m. Lowell, 7.45 a.m., 2.55 p.m. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 10.15 a.m. Nantucket, 7.45 a.m. Providence, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. Return 7.45, 9.55 a.m., 12.40, 4.20, d6.35 p.m.
SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6.00 p.m. Return, 4.30 a.m., b8.00 p.m. For Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, No. Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, So. Braintree, Braintree and Quincy, 6.00 p.m.
aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
dBoat from Fall River.
J. R. KENDRICK, 3d Vice President, Boston.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.
FROM
Fall River to Philadelphia Direct.
Every Wednesday and Saturday
at 6 P.M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the Old Colony Railroad and connecting roads.
Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent O. C. R. R., or to
H. J. Jernegan, Agent,
Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
K. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, SEPT. 11,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR
PROVIDENCE
Week days only at 8 A.M. Leave Providence for Newport week days only at 4 P.M.
Stop at Prudence Tuesdays and Fridays only.
Stop at Conanicut Fridays only.
EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 90 CENTS.
ONE FARE 50 CENTS. TEN TRIPS $4.
All freight must be delivered at wharf thirty minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.
A. LIVINGSTON MASON,
General Manager.

1893 TIME TABLE
Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.
On and after Friday, Nov. 10, 1893
Steamer Conanicut
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:
Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30 A.M.; 12.00 M.; 2.30, 4.15, *5.30 P.M. Sundays, 10.15 A.M.; 4.30 P.M.
Leave Jamestown, 8.15, 8.15, 10.45 A.M.; 1.30 3.30, 5.00 P.M. Sundays, 9.45 A.M.; 4.00 P.M.
*Or on arrival of Providence boat Wednesdays and Saturdays.

For Block Island.
Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdays at 12.30 P.M.; returning, leave Block Island Monday, Wednesday and Fridays at 8.30 A.M., weather permitting.

Brownie Rubber Stamps
—AT—
THE BIJOU.
A Few Calendars left; will close out cheap.
39 THAMES AND 1 CROSS STREETS.

Desirable Rooms.
FOR RENT—A suite, 60 Broadway. Consists of six rooms and one in attic, with city water, gas and bathroom, all in complete order. Also part of a large garden. Apply to T. T. Pitman, Daily News Office.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS, AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Office, 307 Thames Street.

News, $6.00 a year, Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office, - - 6417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, - - 6417-3

The first edition of the Daily News is printed in season for the early afternoon train and for delivery in Middletown and Portsmouth.

The second edition contains the latest telegraphic and local news, and is delivered by office carriers throughout the entire city.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five lines of an inch) makes a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions a week and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily and weekly** papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1893

A Paper of "Known Circulation."

The average edition of the Daily News per day for week ending Dec. 23 1893, was **3248**

THE RETIRING CITY GOVERNMENT.

Newport's municipal year, now drawing to a close, has been one of comparative peace and quietness. Whatever may be thought by political friends or opponents of the party in power, it will be agreed that Mayor Horton's administration has been in harmony with the established usages and traditions of the city. No attempts have been made to overthrow old institutions or introduce new and untried methods in the conduct of affairs, for which all the people should be grateful. Progress in municipal affairs must, to be satisfactory and useful, proceed by established methods rather than by revolutionary processes.

But it does not follow that the year closing has been so quietly progressive that no important steps have been taken forward. The establishment of the park commission, whose work is yet mostly of a preparatory nature, means a good deal for the city's future prosperity. The work already done is in the right direction, and if the commission can be as independent of politics in the future as it was in its constitution much good will be the result of this new departure.

The settlement of the troublous water rate question will be regarded as a good feature of the administration. Whether all may be satisfied with the result or not, the fact remains that the rates have been substantially reduced, and the agitation has practically ceased. And at the same time improvements and enlargements of the works have been made, sufficient to satisfy reasonable demands. There appear to be no fears for the future, either as to the quality or the quantity of the supply. In this respect Newport is among the most highly favored cities in the country.

Much good work has been done by the police, and the impression must be growing among the criminal classes that Newport is not a promising place for their crooked work. The field for operations is so extended and of such a peculiar character as to require the best expert work from year to year.

The establishment and inauguration of the industrial school is an important step forward in the department of education. The work of preparation had been in progress for several years, and now that it is accomplished all opposition has practically disappeared.

It can be said with truth of Mayor Horton that he has been, so far as possible, free from partisan bias in the performance of his official duties. His administration has been marked by a spirit of candor and an evident honesty of purpose, from beginning to end, that in these times is refreshing. And while we have not approved the action of the City Council in some matters, we accord to its members the credit of seeking the best interests of the city; and it is to be hoped that the new council may take up the work which the old one has laid down, and carry it forward to completion.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

It may be well for laboring men who are asked to work at less wages to bear in mind the fact that the depression in their business comes largely from the promise of high wages held out by the McKinley tariff. This apparently golden promise has brought tens of thousands of laborers from Europe, who are now in the field as competitors for positions in the mills and mines, and in other industries. Nor do the new-comers confine themselves to the manufacturing districts. Even in Newport county the Portuguese have come to furnish a large proportion of the "hired help" on the farms and gardens, and a similar condition of things is fast growing up in many other sections. Cheap labor in coming to be the rule rather than the exception.

These conditions justify the oft repeated statement that, while employers of labor are protected by the law as it stands, labor itself is left open to foreign competition. And as these new men are often willing and even compelled by their necessities to work at less wages than are demanded by those who were here before them, the competition plays mischief with the working classes already in the field. In proof of this it is only necessary to call attention to the fact that even in Newport carpenters and others connected with the building trades are left in idleness while freshly imported foreign labor is employed, at low wages, to execute large and important contracts. The story of the Italians who were so disgracefully herded in a barn some months ago need not be retold. The wholesale lumbermen, the iron masters and manufacturers, the producers of glass, nails, copper, tin, lime, spades, pick-axes, etc are all protected from foreign competition but not so the carpenters, masons, plumbers, shovelers and hod carriers. And so, as a result of this one-sided system, the workingmen of America must come down almost to the level of the pauper labor of Europe, or be shoved aside.

Such is both the theoretical and the practical working of the scheme which protects employers and fails to protect employes. We see no help for it unless we withdraw, to some extent at least, the government aid given to the one class, or proceed by some means to extend assistance to the other. As the case stands, notwithstanding all that is said about the advantages of high protection to manufacturers "in the interest of labor," the workingman is least of all the recipient of its favors.

CARRIERS' ADDRESSES.

The custom by newspaper carriers of presenting to each of their patrons a New Year's address is one of long continuance. For many years the document was usually devoted to local affairs and of a somewhat sportive character, whether in poetry or prose. For a score of years or more the late Rev. C. T. Brooks prepared this address for the Newport carriers of the Daily News, and on several occasions ex-Governor Van Zandt did the boys a similar service, and in both cases the papers were worthy of preservation.

In later years the pleasant features connected with the ancient custom have been almost destroyed by the multitude of such documents, prepared for the occasion and sold by the thousand in all parts of the country. Of course these have no local significance, and are all the more senseless and vapid from the fact that they are also distributed by others than newspaper carriers, until the multiplicity of such documents has become in many localities almost a nuisance. And yet it affords those who wish to tip the boys who have served them in various ways a graceful opportunity to do so.

The whole thing is a matter solely between the boys and those whom they serve. The employers whose carriers make their annual pilgrimages in this way on New Year's Day are usually in no wise connected with the proceeding, except as well wishers for those who are the "middlemen" between the publishers and their customers. To many it is as great a pleasure for the givers to recognize faithful service in the way as it is to the receivers.

WOMEN'S WORK.

Rev. S. J. Carroll, formerly of this city, is now located at Oakland, California. According to a report of one of his recent sermons, he does not appear to fully approve the tendency of women to become wage earners.

"Let me remind you," he said, "of a strange fact, for women are wage earners. A thousand young girls have good positions, good wages, dress handsomely, as clerks, shorthand reporters, etc. A thousand of their brothers walk the street, desperate, despondent and in great peril, looking in vain for work.

"A thousand young heathen from over the sea occupy the kitchens and do the chamber-work in our homes. Start a scheme of domestic methods, especially including cookery. Train your daughters to domestic life, and treat the girl in your kitchen just as you would have others treat your daughter. Shorten her hours, give her aid and sympathy, exalt this noble occupation to its rightful rank, and many of your husbands, brothers and sons will rejoice to be forever delivered from heathen cookery.

"But, most important, a thousand unemployed young men will find occupations in the places vacated by the girls, who, in this change, are making home a delight by their skillful work in the kitchen and at the fireside."

It does not appear to us that the young men of today should ask for protection, as wage earners, against the young women. It is true that many of the latter are brighter, truster and more efficient than many of the young men spoken of, but that being the case they are certainly entitled to the advantages accruing. As a matter of fact, there is room, under normal conditions, for all who desire work, providing they are ready to undertake what is before them. Too many who are standing idle very much resemble the applicant for a place in the army who refused to enlist except as a brigadier general. Let the young men who are in want of positions begin at the bottom and work up, and much of the distress which comes to them now will disappear.

POISONING TRAMPS.

Attleboro appears to have entered upon a new process of getting rid of tramps. A drug clerk sold two of the rovers a bottle of whiskey and told them they must not drink it, for if they did it would kill them. The buyers fell in with five other members of the profession, entire strangers, and proceeded to treat, and they all drank together, after being told what the clerk had said. Six of them are dead or pronounced beyond hope of recovery, and the fate of the seventh is unknown.

Just what justification the clerk has to offer for selling the men this poisoned stuff does not appear. It was certainly a strange performance. He must have known that it was bought to be drunk, and he will probably learn that he has needlessly trifled with human life in an inexcusable manner. In no-license towns it is quite common to sell whiskey in bottles labelled poisonous, so as to evade the law, and the tramps probably had knowledge of the game and took this to be another of those harmless jokes or fictions. The case as it stands has a serious aspect, not only for the tramps but for the druggist.

The Pawtuxet Valley Gleaner, after an experience in daily newspaperdom of a year and a half, has retired from the stage of human activities. Its proprietor, who is a good newspaper man, was wise enough to recognize the inevitable, and get out from under while there was something left to take away with him.

President Cleveland has returned to Washington, looking, according to the correspondents, as fresh as a daisy. If he had been to Philadelphia or New York, they would have said that he had been to see a doctor.

The New England railroad should be in despair, now that it has three receivers. Usually a good share of the proceeds are required to pay the salary of but one. But that corporation is so accustomed to being plundered that there are probably no surprises in store for it.

Mrs. Lease, having been removed from office, says she is not disturbed but will "saw wood" and wait for another turn in affairs.

LIEUTENANT WILLOUGHBY'S RESIGNATION.

There are a great many people who can't understand why the alleged refusal to grant a furlough to Lieutenant Willoughby of the Newport Naval Reserve Torpedo Company should have caused public knowledge of strained relations between Governor Brown and Adjutant General Dyer. But that is because the real reasons which actuated the governor in refusing to accept Lieutenant Willoughby's resignation have not been made public.

When Lieutenant Willoughby assumed charge of the naval reserve company it was with the understanding that he should have an annual furlough, in order to enjoy his yachting tour. This is agreed to be a fact on all sides. In his letter of resignation to the governor he practically gives as a reason for his desire to retire the belief that he could not obtain the leave of absence which it was understood he was to have. General Dyer recommended that the resignation be accepted, and he and Lieutenant Willoughby are warm personal friends, as has before been stated. In fact, the adjutant general, it is believed, was aware of the lieutenant's intended action, and the governor says that he knew nothing about it.

Here is the explanation of the governor's action in ignoring the adjutant general and his recommendations, and the executive is responsible for it: The first intimation that Governor Brown had that Lieutenant Willoughby was to resign was when he read a statement in the Journal that a letter of resignation had been forwarded. Eventually he received it and read it carefully. He learned that the officer desired to leave the service because he believed that he could not obtain a furlough of a few weeks.

"But no request for a furlough had ever been made to me," said the governor, "and if there had been I should cheerfully have granted it, because I believe Lieutenant Willoughby is too good an officer to lose. Nothing had ever been said to me regarding a furlough or leave of absence."

So much for this point. But the governor read on and digested. In the letter he found an intimation that it had been stated to Lieutenant Willoughby that the latter could not have a furlough, as the governor was not agreeable to the proposition. The executive told a Journal reporter very plainly and very emphatically that there was this intimation in the letter of resignation.

"So my course of action was plain," he said. "If Lieutenant Willoughby had resigned because he had been informed that I was opposed to granting him a furlough, when nothing regarding his desire for a leave of absence had been communicated to me, I certainly could not accept the resignation. Besides, he is a splendid man for the company and it has not been shown to me that there is anybody else who can take charge. I presume I am not obliged to accept the recommendation of the adjutant general, even though it has been the custom to do so."

Boiled down to hard pan, all this means that Governor Brown is satisfied that Lieutenant Willoughby was informed by General Dyer that the commander-in-chief was opposed to granting the lieutenant a leave of absence, and that the adjutant general understood that Lieutenant Willoughby was to resign as a result. Hence the refusal to accept the resignation, and the order to the adjutant general to request the lieutenant to reconsider.

To those who have business with the two departments, there is nothing new in the knowledge that there has existed for months a lack of cordiality, to speak very gently, between the governor and the adjutant general. It will be noticed that General Dyer makes no statement for publication in this latest matter, which has brought the whole condition to the surface. But the sole reason is that he is adjutant general, subordinate to the commander-in-chief.

General Dyer has said that he will retire from the office of adjutant general upon the completion of the reports upon which he is engaged. He is very deeply interested in this work, and the first volume is now in the hands of the printer. There will be two volumes, and they will be completed next year. If General Dyer should express his opinions of Governor Brown, the executive could remove him according to military law. There is a precedent for it, because thirty years ago Governor Smith removed Adjutant General Mauran, and the supreme court backed him up in it.

So, because the adjutant general wishes to complete the work he is engaged upon, he will not express his opinions upon the case. But after the second book is in the hands of the printer there is no doubt that General Dyer will accord the reporters an interview, and an interesting one. It is not the purpose here to deal in prophecies, however. It is intended to give the facts in the naval reserve matter and here they are:

Lieutenant Willoughby is now in Philadelphia, and will remain there for a week. Then he will return to Newport, preparatory to leaving for the South. When he reaches Newport he will receive through the adjutant general the governor's request that he reconsider his determination to resign. But nobody believes he will do that.—[Providence Journal.

Eddie C. Lamb

"My little boy had bad fainting spells, almost fits, followed by vomiting. We gave him three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and he is now as rugged as one could wish to see. His appetite is good, his cheeks are like twin roses and the neighbors notice he is gaining daily." MRS DAVID LAMB, Bond's Village, Palmer, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver troubles, indigestion and headache. Try a box. 25c.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A Good Second Hand Pair Bob Runners.

Apply to J. B. BACHELLER, Commercial Wharf.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A lady's gold watch with gold chain and small locket, valued for associations. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at Box 13, Daily News Office.

LOST—On the evening of the 28th, at St. George's S. S., a black silk embroidered bag, with lists, of no value to anyone but owner. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to 155 Rhode Island avenue.

PROHIBITION PARTY'S DEPT.

THE HOME *vs.* THE SALOON.

Why is it that on the hilltops there is overproduction, and down in the valleys the people are starving? Because the people have not money enough to buy. And why? They help to produce, don't they? I'll tell you what the trouble is. The wage-workers of this country spend, annually, $500,000,000 for intoxicating liquors. The aggregate of the nation's drink bill is much larger, but this is the amount that comes out of the pockets of the people.

If the workingmen should suddenly say: "The money which we have hitherto spent for intoxicating liquors shall henceforth be expended for useful articles," and if, for a single week, they should turn it loose upon cotton goods, how much money do you suppose would be directed into the cotton trade in one week? Not less than $3,000,000. If this were done, all the wholesale dealers and the retail dealers would cry out: "Send more cotton goods down here. There is a boom in the cotton trade."

And if the workingmen should suddenly take into their heads to take the earnings that they hitherto have used for intoxicating liquors, and spend them for furniture, how much do you suppose would be let loose upon the furniture market? Not less than $6,000,000 in four weeks. There would then be no stagnation of trade in the furniture market.

Close every saloon, back-door and front, for one week, and station a policeman at each door—and then some one to watch the policeman—and when the sun goes down on the next Saturday evening there will not be a beefsteak left in a butcher's shop!

It is a wonder to me that the business men of the community do not rise and drive this pirate off the sea of commerce. Down at the bottom of all social disorder, political corruption, depression in business, stagnation in trade, suffering in homes, and the like, lies the liquor traffic.—[Colonel G. W. Bain of Kentucky.

A BAD SCALP DISEASE

Scaly Eruptions on Head. Bleeding When Hair Was Combed. Physicians Tried. No Success. Cured by Cuticura.

Our little daughter of four years was troubled with a disease of the scalp. It looked at first like a heavy dandruff which we undertook to comb off, but found that these lumps would start bleeding. We applied to different physicians without success, until at last tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and by using your CUTICURA with CUTICURA SOAP, this scaly raised eruption entirely disappeared after three applications, and had no more trouble with it for a year, when it showed up again. We applied it as before, after which it has never given us any more trouble. Am well pleased with the success we had with the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and would cheerfully recommend them in similar cases.

EDWARD KRANICH, Plantsville, Conn.

ITCHING AND BURNING

I have been troubled with Eczema for years, had the best medical help in Boston, and all failed to give me relief from that intense itching and burning. The first application of CUTICURA gave me immediate relief, and at the end of a week the sores were well.

MARIETTA DURGIN, 39 Tremont Street, Chelsea, Mass.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

CUTICURA REMEDIES cleanse the system by external and internal medication of every eruption, impurity and disease, and constitute the most effective treatment of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK,

Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster.** The first and only pain-killing plaster.

NOTICES.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

MONTHLY MEETING Saturday evening, 30th December. 8 o'clock. Short communications (not to exceed ten minutes each) will be in order. Members are requested to come prepared with brief items on any natural history subject. A conversational evening. A full attendance of members desired.

1532.

National Bank of Rhode Island.

Of NEWPORT, R. I. Dec. 30, 1893.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of four per cent has this day been declared, payable on and after January 2, 1894.

T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

Union National Bank.

THE usual semi-annual dividend will be paid on and after January 2, 1894.

J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 29, 1893.

Newport National Bank.

THE Directors of this Bank have declared a semi-annual dividend of four and one half per cent (4½) payable on and after Tuesday, January 2, 1894.

H. C. Stevens, Cashier.

1532.

National Bank of Rhode Island of Newport.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business that may legally come before them, will be held at their banking rooms, No. 203 Thames street, on Tuesday, January 9, 1894, at 3 o'clock P. M.

T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

First National Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 29, 1893.

A Dividend of Five per cent will be paid at this bank on and after January 2, 1894.

NATH'L SWINBURNE, Cashier.

Newport National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank for the election of directors will be held Tuesday, January 9, 1894, at 3 o'clock P. M.

H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

OFFICE OF

Newport Gas Light Co.,

157 Thames Street.

Newport, R. I., Dec 26, 1893.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this company for electing directors will be held at this office on MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. E. QUINN, Treasurer.

Aquidneck National Bank.

Dividend No. 54.

FOUR PER CENT. payable on and after January 2d 1894.

CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., 29th December, 1893.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30, 8 A. M.—For Massachusetts and Rhode Island—Snow flurries today and tonight; probably fair Sunday; northerly winds, increasing; colder Sunday morning, and probably in the afternoon.

NEW ENGLAND WEATHER.

BOSTON, Dec. 30, 8 A. M.—Local forecast for New England until Sunday night—Snow, beginning during the afternoon or night; colder tonight; north to northeast winds; probably fair or clearing Sunday.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Dec. 30.	8 A. M.	12 M.	3 P.M.
Temperature,	38	38	38
Barometer,	29.93	29.96	29.93
Wind,	NW	NW	NE
Weather,	Cloudy	Snow	Snow

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30.

Sun rises ..... 7 h. 14 m.
Sun sets ..... 4 h. 21 m.
Moon rises A. M. ..... 0 h. 08 m.
Length of day ..... 9 h. 07 m.
Day's increase ..... 0 h. 03 m.
High Water, 1 h. 38 m. A. M.; 1 h. 41 m. P. M.

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 31.

Sun rises ..... 7 h. 14 m.
Sun sets ..... 4 h. 22 m.
Moon rises A. M. ..... 1 h. 14 m.
Length of day ..... 9 h. 08 m.
Day's increase ..... 0 h. 04 m.
High Water 2 h. 02 m. A. M.; 2 h. 24 m. P. M.

MONDAY, JANUARY 1.

Sun rises ..... 7 h. 14 m.
Sun sets ..... 4 h. 23 m.
Moon rises A. M. ..... 2 h. 19 m.
Length of day ..... 9 h. 09 m.
Day's increase ..... 0 h. 05 m.
High water, 3 h. 10 m. A. M.; 3 h. 38 m. P. M.

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, Jan. 7, 10 h. 07 m., P. M., W
First Quarter, Jan. 14 7 h. 09 m., P. M. W
Full Moon, Jan. 21, 10 h. 12 m., A. M., W
Last Quarter, Jan. 28 11 h. 51 m., A. M., W

NEW TODAY.

(NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.)

Lost—Bag; 4th page.
Lost—Watch; 4th page.
Wanted—Woman; 4th page.
John Vars—Notice; 4th page.
Seabury—To Gentlemen; 5th page.
G. M. Dockray—Towels; 5th page.
Wanted—Chambermaid; 4th page.
Notice of Co partnership; 4th page.
National Bank of R. I.—Meeting; 4th page.
National Bank of R. I.—Dividend; 4th page.
Franklin News Depot—Sunday Papers; 8th pg.

A. P. BAKER.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Lee avenue, large enough for two families.

TO LET—A suite of rooms on Thames street, over the store of W. C. Langley & Son.

An unfurnished cottage at moderate rent on Whitfield court.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By a Danish girl who speaks English, a situation to do general housework. Apply to Box 27, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A Danish girl who speaks English wishes a place as seamstress or to work with some dressmaker. Apply at Box 27, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A woman to take care of invalid and make herself generally useful. One who can go home nights preferred. Address Box 33, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A competent girl at once as chambermaid and waitress. Apply to Box 23 Daily News Office.

WANTED—A good reliable agent in this city; office work. $75 to $100 per month to the right man. Must be able to carry $100 worth of stock. Address Golden Era, 2 West 14th street, New York city.

NOTICE.

WANTED—Good help and situations furnished; all kinds of work; all kinds of help; all nationalities on hand; girls, men and boys. Situations free of charge.

MRS. JENNY NELSON.

118 Thames street, corner Washington square

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with good board. 8 Dennison street. Mrs. Collin.

TO RENT—To small family, lower tenement on Clinton avenue, near Broadway; five rooms and two attic rooms. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, News Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. Apply at 31 Clarke street.

NOTICES.

Union National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank will be held at the banking room on Tuesday, January 9, 1894, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., Dec 23, 1893.

NOTICE

To Inhabitants of Middletown and Portsmouth!

Catalogues of my 10 cent music may be had free on application at my store.

JOHN VARS,

Young's Block, 126 Thames Street.

NOTICE of CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby give notice that on and after January 1, 1894, they will form a co-partnership under the name and style of

James H. Wilson & Sons,

for continuing the carriage making business at No. 15 Mann avenue heretofore conducted by James H. Wilson.

The patronage of old customers and new is respectfully solicited.

JAMES H. WILSON,
RAY B. WILSON,
JOHN H. WILSON.

If the Life Insurance people recommend a remedy it must be something they have faith in. Well that's what they do about Adamson's Botanic Balsam. It prolongs life and makes the insurance risk a sure bagatelle.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many afflicted with rheumatism, and we urge all who suffer from this disease to give this medicine a trial.

No Christmas and New Year's table should be without a bottle of Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, the world renowned appetizer of exquisite flavor. Beware of counterfeits.

LIFE, HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

APALACHICOLA, FLA., Feb. 17, 1889.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.:

DEAR SIRS—I will write to inform you that I was afflicted with Blood Disease. I tried one bottle of * * * and it gave me no relief. I was in bed seven months. I tried prominent physicians, and they could not do me any good. I saw your advertisement of P. P. P. in the Apalachicola Times, and thought I would try it. The bottle I got tonight makes seven or eight, and, oh how good I feel. I have been up ever since and at my business, lumber inspector. You may publish this if you desire. I have informed my friends that P. P. P. is life, health and strength.

M. P. BOLDEN,

Sold by all Druggists and general stores.

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors and Druggists, Savannah, Ga

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30, Wall Street Prices—Atchison, 10½; Canada Southern, 72; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 75; Chicago & Alton preferred, 150; Chicago & Nashville, 83¾; Missouri Pacific, 30¼; Northern Pacific First preferred, 18¾; New York & New England, 14¾; Ontario & Western, 14¼; St. Paul, 57¼; Sugar Trust, 82; Western Union, 82¾; National Cordage, 20; Chicago Gas, 67¼; Chesapeake & Ohio, 15¾; Whiskey, 23; General Electric, 33¾.

Closing—Money on call, nominally at 1 @ 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, weak, with actual rates at 4.83½ @ ¾ for 60 days and 4.85½ @ ¾ for demand; posted rates, 4.86½ @ 4.87; commercial bills, 4.82¾ @ 4.83 for 60 days, and 4.84½ @ 4.85 for demand; bar silver, ——; government bonds, steady; state, reg., 112; state, coup., 1.14; railroad bonds, strong; Pacific ts, 102 bid. The feature of the stock market during the last hour was Louisville & Nashville, which jumped to 41½. The stock commanded ½ for use, and this so frightened the shorts that they ran precipitately to cover. The general list, which had been heavy for a time, became firm when Louisville & Nashville scored its big advance, and there was a rally all along the line. New York Central sold at 99, a gain of 1¾ per cent. Atchison, after touching 9¾, got back to 10¼. Specialties left off firm in tone.

Bank statement: Reserve—increase, $2,877,375, loans—increase, $1,319,900; specie—increase, $1,959,700; legal tenders—increase, $2,970,200; deposits—increase, $7,790,100; circulation—decrease, $144,600. The banks now hold $85,815,475, 150 in excess of the requirements of the twenty-five per cent. rule.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.

	Closing.
Atchison	10¼
Canadian Pacific	84
Canada Southern	72
Chicago & Alton	149¾
Chicago & Alton preferred	150
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	75
C., C., C. & St. Louis	44¾
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred	85
Cotton Oil Certificates	27¾
Delaware & Hudson	130
Delaware & Lackawanna	161
Denver & Rio Grande	9
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	29¾
Erie	14¾
Erie preferred	31
Illinois Central	90
Kansas & Texas	13¾
Lake Shore	129¼
Lead Trust	33
Louisville & Nashville	41¾
Michigan Central	95¾
Missouri Pacific	21¾
New Jersey Central	111
North American	6¼
Northern Pacific	4¾
Northern Pacific First preferred	19
Northwestern	99¼
Northwestern preferred	131
New York Central	98¾
New York & New England	16
Ohio & Mississippi	16
Ontario & Western	14⅞
Oregon Navigation	21
Pacific Mail	13
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	4¼
Reading	17⅞
Rock Island	64¾
St. Paul	56¾
St. Paul preferred	110
St. Paul M. & Man	101
Omaha	34
Omaha preferred	167¼
Sugar Trust	105
Sugar Trust preferred	82¾
Texas Pacific	7
Union Pacific	14
Wabash	6¾
Wabash preferred	14¼
Western Union	83¾
National Cordage	19¾
National Cordage preferred	45
Duluth	21
Duluth preferred	80
Gen. Elec.	33¾

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

Boston, Dec. 30.

	Closing.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	10¼
Boston & Albany	200¼
Boston & Lowell	185
Boston & Maine	144
Boston & Providence	299½
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	75
Fitchburg preferred	72
Central of Massachusetts	19
Central of Massachusetts preferred	48
New York & New England	16¼
New York & New Eng. and preferred	40
Old Colony	150
Pullman Palace Car	152
West End Railway preferred	70
American Bell Telephone	184
New Eng. and Telephone	51
Erie Telephone Co.	43
Boston Land Co.	3¾
Lamson Store Service	1¾
Gen. Elec.	33
Gen. Elec. preferred	57
Calumet & Hecla	267½
Franklin Mining Co.	10
Kearsarge Mining Co.	7¼
Osceola Mining Co.	58½
Quincy	120
Tamarack Mining Co.	160

It is a long period since the old year has closed under such serious conditions as now everywhere prevail. Every country in Europe has its troubles, worse than our own; and they are of a character so radical that it will require time to heal them. In this country, the derangements are acute, but they are of a kind more directly under our own control than are those of the European nations. In our case, there had been no antecedent over-trading, or excessive speculation, or general unsoundness of credit. On the contrary, 1893 opened with a generally sound and fairly prosperous condition of business; and although the panic was one of perhaps unequalled severity, yet it was due to causes not inherent to business proper but outside of business and connected with a great alarm about the condition of our currency system. The silver panic, however, became the cause of a general prostration of trade and credit, from which recovery could not possibly be immediate, even though the cause of the alarm has been remedied. The period of recovery, moreover, is further postponed by the intervention of a sweeping revision of the tariff. This latter circumstance would, under the best of conditions, have proved a very serious cause of commercial disturbance; but, mingling with the immediate effects of a great panic, its serious consequences is doubled.—[Henry Clews.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

REAL ESTATE—124 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

[Those who have a little nerve and a little money should now buy real estate in Newport and vicinity. Many properties here as elsewhere throughout the country can under present financial conditions be secured much below the average value ruling over a number of years.]

1. Estate out on Broadway, present rents are $1,090 a year. Unused sites worth about $5,000 for new houses, sell **$18,000.**
2. An estate on Bellevue avenue, **$40,000.**
3. A perfectly equipped house in first class order, on a fashionable avenue, **$8,500.**
4. A country seat for summer, with superb view of Narragansett bay and with grounds running down to the sea, **$15,000.**

Office, 124 Bellevue Ave.

BORN

BARKER—In Middletown, Dec. 28, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Clark T. Barker.

DIED.

KELMAN—In this city, 30th inst., Evelyn Maud, daughter of John and Evelyn Kelman, aged 3 months and 25 days.

COZZENS—At Lakewood, N. J., 28th inst., Harwarde Shelton Cozzens, son of the late Frederick S. and Susan M. Cozzens.

CARPENTER—In Providence, 29th inst., Freelove B., widow of Cyril A. Carpenter, in her 81th year.

REMINGTON—In Pawtucket, 29th inst., Benjamin Remington, in his 86th year.

HADFIELD—In Warren, 29th inst., Thomas Hadfield, in his 85th year.

GLADDING—In Barrington, 28th inst., George A. Gladding, in his 72d year.

SALISBURY—In East Providence, 28th inst., Elizabeth F., widow of Henry B. Salisbury, in her 69th year.

McGITRICK—In East Greenwich, 29th inst., Ann, wife of Dominick McGitrick, in her 60th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 and 324 Thames street. Residence 101 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

SIMEON HAZARD.

FOR RENT—The lower half of the new house of Henry H. Barker on Bliss Road. It has all the **modern improvements** and is roomy and very attractive.

FOR RENT—The lower half of house 10½ Warner. This is an **admirable tenement** and has been put in thorough order. Price moderate.

OFFICE, 91 BROADWAY.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

TWENTY-EIGHT PERSONS DROWNED.

Charity Carnival on the Volga Interrupted by the Ice Breaking.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 30.—A dispatch from Nijo Novgorod states that during a charity carnival that was being held on the Volga river the ice broke and a large number of people fell into the river. Twenty-eight persons were drowned before assistance could reach them, and it is thought that some of those who were rescued will die from the effects of the shock and exposure.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Thomas F. Cavanaugh of Woonsocket for the Providence District.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 30.—John C. Bybee, collector of internal revenue for the district of Connecticut, has appointed Thomas F. Cavanaugh of Woonsocket, R. I., deputy collector of the district for Providence, vice Jencks, resigned.

Union Pacific Receivers Ready to Pay Coupons.

BOSTON, Dec 30.—The Union Pacific receivers have applied for authority to pay the following coupons; Union Pacific Railroad Company collateral trust 5s, due December 1, 1893; Union Pacific Railroad company first mortgage 6s, due January 1, 1894; Union Pacific Railroad Company collateral trust 6s, due January 1, 1894; Oregon Railway and Navigation first mortgage 6s, due January 1, 1894; Utah & Northern consolidated mortgage 5s, due January 1, 1894; Utah Southern extension first mortgage 7s, due January 1, 1894; Idaho Central first mortgage 6s, due January 1, 1894; Kansas Pacific eastern division 6s, due February 1, 1894. Special efforts were made by the receivers to secure immediate authority to pay the interest on the Union Pacific railroad first mortgage six per cent. bonds, resulting in the order authorizing their payment. It is possible that a few days' delay will occur in the payment of the other interest above named on January 1.

House Burned, and Children Cremated.

SEDALIA, Mo., Dec. 30.—The residence of Mrs. Sarah Kelley, on Clay and Osage streets, was burned at 8 o'clock last night, and her grandchildren, Leona West, seven years old, and Landon Bailey, three years old, were cremated. Mrs. Kelley, after putting the children to bed, went to visit a neighbor. During her absence the house caught fire from the stove, with the above result.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

MANTONOMI COMMANDERY, UNITED ORDER OF THE GOLDEN CROSS.

Noble Commander—W. F. Wyatt.
Vice Commander—George W. Sherman.
Prelate—Mrs. A. L. Carter.
Keeper of Records—Mrs. S. A. Gavill.
Financial Keeper of Records—David Stevens.
Treasurer—D. L. Cummings.
Herald—Thomas F. Carter.
Warder of Inner Gate—Mrs. E. G. Marchington.
Warder of Outer Gate—Mrs. W. F. Wyatt.

BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS' UNION, NO. 2.

President—William S. Donald.
Vice President—Patrick E. Walsh.
Financial Secretary—G. T. Peckham.
Corresponding Secretary—W. Williamson.
Sergeant-at-arms—James O'Connor.

RED MEN'S CLUB.

President—Robert L. Oman.
Vice Presidents—Fred U. Gladding, B. C. Weaver.
Secretary—Thomas E. Kauil.
Treasurer—Allen G. Goddard.

The annual supper of the club will take place on Thursday evening next.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. Charles T. Cottrell accompanied his friend, Mr. Leonard Frink, to boston today, and will be his guest for several days before they return to their studies at the Harvard Law School.

Mrs. Watson, wife of Postmaster Watson is visiting friends at Narragansett.

Mr. Irving Littlefield and daughter of Block Island, after a visit to the family of N. S. Littlefield, have returned home.

The lot on Narragansett avenue, belonging to the Green farm and improved for several years by Mr. Samuel Smith, will be sowed to grass by the owners next season, and the old stone wall on the street will be removed and the general appearance of the place improved.

The Sunday school of St. Matthew's Church held a very enjoyable Christmas festival at the town hall on Thursday evening. A handsome Christmas tree was well loaded with gifts for the members, and was prettily decorated and illuminated with candles. After the distribution of the presents, a collation was served. Rev. Mr. Schuyler, who has charge of the school, made interesting and instructive remarks.

Mr. Daniel Watson is in Providence today.

Mrs. Philip Caswell is reported as very much better today.

Checker-boards have been brought out from the hiding places where they have rested since last spring, and the rivals of previous winters are at it again, as fully determined as ever to show each their superiority over all other players, and the back shops will be the centre of attraction for the unemployed for the next few months.

THE CITY OFFICES.

Both the local political parties have held conferences of the members of their belief who will form the next City Council, and the slates are made up on both sides. There was at one time, not long since, more or less of a feeling that the wheels would not run smoothly on Monday evening, and that both parties were liable to meet surprises. That feeling has disappeared, and, though the men of neither side are giving out information regarding what it has done, though perfectly willing to tell what they think the others have done or wanted to do, there seems to be no doubt in the minds of those who have been about and noticed how things are working that the present officials will, as a rule, continue to hold office during the year 1894. It was claimed quite generally that Chief of Police Read would be offered on the altar as a sacrifice to a supposed public feeling. This claim was sustained by the apparent lack of interest shown by Mr. Read. The indications now are that he will again occupy the chief's chair. Chief Engineer Lake will again be at the head of the fire department, and Mr. Bosworth will probably succeed Mr. Tanner on the board of firewards. Very little has been said regarding the presidency of the two boards, but as the Republicans control both branches of the council they can do what they please, if, as now appears to be the case, they have come to a full understanding. The machine candidates for these places are Councilman Comstock for the lower board, and Alderman Stevens for the upper.

There has been some talk of making such changes in the board of health as will prevent a repetition of the unpleasant predicament of last year, and place a Republican in Mr. Corbett's position; and there has also been talk of replacing Mr. F. P. Lynch as clerk of the street department, a position which he has held for years, despite politics.

There has been no special talk of a new street commissioner, city solicitor, tax collector or city auditor, and the present occupants of these positions are looked upon as probably sure of a re-election.

MAYOR HORTON TO THE POLICE.

Last evening Mayor Horton made a farewell visit to the Police Station in his official capacity, and at roll-call spoke briefly to the officers. He thanked them for the uniform courtesy they had shown him during the year just closing, and assured them that he and the city appreciated their good services. There is, of course, fault-finding with the department, but a large majority of the citizens of Newport recognize the faithful work done by the police. The officers have greater temptations than any other class, and strong men, not only physically but morally as well, are requisite for good service. It depends upon the man himself whether he is equal to the test. The man who shirks duty injures himself, and the man who deceives others also deceives himself. The mayor again thanked the officers for their courtesy, and said that he hoped they would continue to honor their superiors. In conclusion he said: "In the beginning of the year I told you I would remove no man without cause and would be a friend to all of you. I will leave it to you to say whether I have kept my word. When I retire you will have my friendship, as you always have had, and I hope that I shall be worthy of yours."

Chief Read replied briefly, thanking the mayor for his kind words, and before separating Mayor Horton shook each officer by the hand.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

Monday the newsboys and telegraph boys who have not already paid a visit to their customers, some having anticipated matters and gone around at Christmas, will call on the people who they expect will give them something on which to start the New Year, and about the same time the letter carriers and others will begin delivering New Year's bills, that also call for payment. Just previous to this, on this or tomorrow evening, a large number of vows will be registered to cut down expenses by discontinuing smoking, drinking, theatre-going and various other habits or customs that call for more or less expenditure of money. While annually at this season a large number of such resolves are made, it is very seldom that it is so generally conceded that a large number of these "swear-offs" will be for a considerable time continued in effect.

Monday will be observed as a legal holiday by the banks, government offices, City Hall and postoffice. At the latter place the usual holiday hours will be observed, the general delivery being open until 10 A.M. and from 6:30 to 8 P.M. But one mail will be delivered by carriers. The money order and registry departments will be open from 8 to 10 o'clock. All mails will open and close as usual; that is, as they will under the new schedule which goes into effect on Monday. The change in the Old Colony's running time will discontinue the 12:30 mail, and make it necessary to close the early Boston mail at 7 instead of 7:15 o'clock, as heretofore. The 4:45 mail will also probably close five minutes earlier.

THE COLLECTION OF THE TAX.

When Mr. Samuel McAdam took charge of the tax collector's office, on January 26 of this year, he found on the books five hundred and twenty-nine unpaid taxes assessed in 1891 and 1892, thirty-seven of two years' standing and four hundred and ninety-two of the latter year, the amount being $3,252.46. Of these all except eleven have been settled, and four of these are on estates which are in process of litigation, and will probably be paid. Of the unpaid taxes twenty-three were for curbstones, and five hundred and six on the regular assessment. Those of 1891 amounted to $1,349.91, and those of 1892 to $6,902.49. Of the regular taxes, nineteen, amounting to $271.66, have been charged to estates; two hundred and seventy-seven, amounting to $1,187.16, have been remitted; one hundred and ninety-nine, amounting to $4,634.32, have been collected in cash; and eleven, amounting to $1,298.78, are now in process of collection. Of the twenty-three curbstone taxes, nineteen, amounting to $573.66, have been charged to estates; and four, amounting to $286.82, have been collected, the total amount collected in cash being $4,921.14.

Mr. McAdam has collected the following amounts in interest on unpaid taxes: On curbstone taxes, $16.66; on taxes assessed in 1891, $21.62; on taxes assessed in 1892, $338.33; on taxes assessed in 1893, $383.81; a total of $760.42.

Of the taxes of the present year, 4,871, amounting to $318,867.85, have been collected; twenty, amounting to $275.08, have been charged to estates; one hundred and forty-four, amounting to $397.90, have been remitted by order of the City Council; and twenty-nine, amounting to $1,114.12, are in course, of collection. There were eighteen curbstone taxes, of which two, amounting to $31.65 have been paid; and sixteen, amounting to $424, have been charged to estates. During the year Mr. McAdam has collected $45 of the poll taxes of 1893 and $1 of those of 1892.

The bureau of naval chiefs has practically completed designs for the new swift torpedo boat authorized by the act of 1890, but not built because the appropriation was not sufficient. The plans contemplate a cruiser of the latest type, of about 750 tons displacement and twenty-three knots speed. To give her the speed engines and machinery capable of developing about 6,000 horse power will be necessary. The deparment is confident it will be able to build the vessel within the appropriation of $850,000.

STATE POLITICS.

House Pay Roll Still Giving Trouble.

Democrats Disturbed Over the Matter—Speaker Owen Maintains His Advanced Position—Insists upon Full Pay for the Whole Session—Not Supported by All His Associates—Democrats to Urge the Bill to Elect Tax Assessors by Popular Vote—Friction Between Governor Brown and Adjutant General Dyer.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 29.—The pay roll of the house of representatives is still greatly disturbing the Democrats, and the local leaders of that party have this week advanced some very pronounced ideas with regard to the course which the party should pursue in relation to it, and also with reference to the policy to be maintained by the Democrats at the approaching January session of the General Assembly. Speaker Owen is of course regarded as the natural mouth-piece of the party on state matters, because of the position which he occupies in the legislature, and especially in the lower branch of that body, which is Democratic; though there are others, both here and in other parts of the state, who assume to have a prominent voice in the counsels and in the direction of the affairs of the party.

Everybody who knows Mr. Owen is well aware of the fact that he is a dyed-in-the-wool Democrat, and naturally expects from him ideas and advice thoroughly in harmony with the principles and practices of his party; and they are never disappointed. The public is pretty well prepared, therefore, for the stand which he has taken with regard to those matters which are just now occupying so much the minds of the party leaders. He takes a radical view of the situation, and believes that the party should adhere strictly and tenaciously to the policy marked out at the May session of the legislature, and follow it out to its logical conclusion.

That conclusion he holds to be a demand for full pay for the officers and members of the house of representatives from the opening of the session during the last week in May until its final adjournment in August, and a continued refusal on the part of the Democratic house to transact any business until the Republican senate accepts an invitation from the house to meet it in grand committee. And Mr. Owen has announced plainly, and with apparent authority, that no caucus of the Democratic members of the house will be held before the opening of the January session of the legislature, for the purpose of deciding upon the course of the party in either of these particulars; which means, if it means anything, that no pay roll of the house will be presented to the state auditor before the legislature meets, and that the course to be pursued by the Democrats at the coming session of the General Assembly will not be decided upon in advance of its regular session.

In this view of the situation and proposed plan of action Speaker Owen believes that he has the support of nearly all the Democratic members of the legislature. There have, however, already been evidences that there is not entire agreement among the leaders as to the wisest course to be followed by the party in regard to these matters, and the opposition to the Speaker's ideas and counsels may be greater than he is aware. He has, however, a strong ally in Senator Miller of this city, who will evidently be the Democratic leader in the Republican senate, and there is no question but that the combined influence of the Speaker and of the senator from Providence will be very great in the caucuses of the party and on the floors of the two branches of the legislature. But after all it is probably yet too early to know just what the Democrats will do, either before or during the session of the General Assembly, which is to begin the latter part of next month.

It is apparent, however, that, if the opinion of Mr. Owen prevails and his project is carried out, it will be against the convictions of some members of the party, who do not favor such extreme procedure as the complete stopping of the wheels of the state government, in the face of an opinion of the highest judicial body of the state sustaining the action of the opposing party in the question at issue. These men may be brought by force of circumstances, or by the power of the majority, to vote in accordance with the wish or dictates of Mr. Owen and the other party leaders who entertain the same views as he in these matters, but it will be in spite of their disapproval. There is time, however, for a good deal of change of sentiment, or for new conclusions to be reached, as to the wisest policy to be pur-

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Mr. Edmund White of New York is in town for a few days.

—Dr. J. M. Swan, Jr., will return to Philadelphia tonight.

—Postmaster Fay is announced as being "more comfortable today."

—Lieutenant Lotus Niles, U. S. A., has returned to duty at Fort Adams.

—The St. Joseph Total Abstinence Society will have a social in Odd Fellows' Hall next Friday.

—While at work in his planing mill on Sherman street this noon Mr. Francis K. Wilbur, brother of Councilman-elect Wilbur, fell and dislocated his shoulder. The accident will probably keep Mr. Wilbur from work for six weeks.

—The mayor, board of aldermen and common council for 1894 will be sworn in and Mayor Fearing will read his inaugural address at the City Hall Monday noon. The council will meet in the evening for the election of city officers.

The secretary of the Navy has appointed a board consisting of Commander Washburn Maynard, Lieutenant J. D. Murdoch and Professor O. G. Dodge, the latter an expert electrician of Chicago, to inspect the electric plants at the New York and Norfolk navy yards. There are three separate electric plants at the New York yard—one in the construction department, one in the engineering department and the third used to supply the electric lights for the yard. There are also two plants in operation at the Norfolk yard. The department is of opinion that the same results could be accomplished at a much reduced expense if there were but one electric power house at each yard. Commander Maynard's board is to report on the feasibility and desirability of making the suggested changes at both yards. It is desired to simplify the system and reduce the expense of operating the electric appliances, if it can be done without interfering seriously with the naval work now in progress at the two yards.

Pain Killer

Will quickly cure Diphtheria, Quinsy, Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat. All druggists sell it.
Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I., Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors.

PROVISIONS.

Turkeys!

A large consignment of fine
ISLAND "." TURKEYS
At very low prices.
J. A. & H. H. BARKER,
348 THAMES STREET.

Phil. Stevens,
Groceries and Meats,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

F. B. Coggeshall,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Beef, Veal, Mutton and Lamb.
CURER OF
Celebrated Diamond C Pork Products.
Cor. Washington Sq. & Thames St.

Pondville Creamery
BUTTER.
ERNEST BAILEY,
MARKET.
254 Thames Street.

Gentlemen,
For winter wear, buy a pair of
PORPOISE, CORK SOLE or RUSSIA GRAIN BALMORALS
—AT—
Seabury's,
211 THAMES STREET.

THE KIND THAT CURES

J. R. HERSEY,
Spencer, Mass.

"INDIGESTION AND Extreme Constipation."
"My Friends Thought I Must Die."
"I AM NOW A CURED MAN."

The following wonderful statement was sent us by C. H. Carpenter, Druggist, 140 Main St., Spencer, Mass.
DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.:
GENTS:—Some ten years ago I commenced to fail. INDIGESTION and EXTREME CONSTIPATION caused me to lose flesh very fast. I employed Physicians and tried Sarsaparillas, but continued to grow worse. I had a continuous headache, my skin turned yellow, and my friends thought I must die. My strength left me and courage also. This was my condition last February when I commenced to take
DANA'S SARSAPARILLA
Before the first bottle was gone, there was a great improvement. My friends wanted to know what caused such a change in me. I replied "DANA'S SARSAPARILLA." I am now taking my third bottle and consider myself at the age of 20, after Doctors had failed, a CURED MAN.
Yours respectfully, J. R. HERSEY.
No. 56 Main St., Spencer, Mass.
Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

DRY GOODS.

TOWELS.

A good assortment of Hemstitched Towels at very low prices.

A very good quality at 25c.; better ones at 35 and upward.

Fine Hemstitched Damask Towels at 42c.

G. M. DOCKRAY,
204 Thames Street.

FOR
Lamp Shades.
Ladies making Lamp Shades will find all supplies,
Silks, Laces and Frames,
—AT—
WM. B. SHERMAN, JR 'S,
COR. THAMES AND MARY STREETS.

HOLIDAY GOODS
—AT—
James H. Hammett's,
166 Thames Street.

J. E. JONES & CO.,
18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Arcade,
PROVIDENCE.

Holiday Goods.

Buy sensible gifts this year. We have them in the form of Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Umbrellas, Pocketbooks, Ladies and Misses' Carments, Hoods, Knit Jackets, Blankets, Napkins and Table Cloths.

SPECIAL VALUES IN
12 1-2c. and 25c.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs.

ESTABLISHED 1811.
Franco-American Soups,
Pickled Little Neck Clams and Mussels,
Canned Shrimps, Roast Larks,
Whole Ox Tongues, Whole Boneless Hams,
Armour's Chicken, Ham and Tongue,
New Nuts, Raisins, Citron and Currants,
Acme Stringless Beans, Sifted Early Peas,
Dressed Asparagus,
French Glace Fruits,
Florida Oranges, Grape Fruit and Tangerines,
Dates, Figs, Malaga Grapes,
Plum Pudding, Punch Sauce,
Roquefort and Gruyere Cheese,
Coffee, Imported Cigars.
C. Sherman & Co.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

Big Bargains
—IN—
Fine Note Paper,
For 10c., 14c., 20c. and 25c. a box.
Children's Paper,
In fancy boxes, for 9c., 31c. and 24c.
Good Commercial Note Paper
5c. a quire.
Irish Linen Paper 10c. a quire.
Envelopes, 5c. and 10c. a package.
—AT—
A. C. Landers's, 167 Thames St.

GROCERIES.

Coffee.
If you want the best coffee why don't you try my 30c. Java and Mocha, 3¼ pounds for $1; none better in the world.

Teas.
If you want the most value for the least money, try my 35c. Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast. There equal cannot be found in the city.

D. E. YOUNG,
130 Thames Street.

Christmas trade is over and I am now ready for solid business.
I SHALL SELL
For the balance of this week,
22 lbs. Granulated Sugar for $1; Hungarian Flour (the best milled), $4.50 per bbl., $2.40 for half bbls., 60c. per bag Welcome Soap, $4.10 per box; best N. O. Molasses, 50c. per gal. (this is, I am sure the best quality I have ever seen); Fancy Beauty Hebron Potatoes, 90c. per bush.; 3 lbs. Diamond Creamery Butter, $1; 3 lbs. best Java Coffee, $1; 3 1-2 lbs. good Java Coffee, $1; 2 1-2 lbs. best Formosa or English Breakfast Tea, $1; 3 lbs. good English Breakfast Tea, $1.
I have a new lot of those handsome Florida Oranges and Lemons at 15c, 20c. and 25c. per doz.
James A. Eddy,
Cash Grocer,
377 & 379 Thames Street.

After Christmas,
When you have tired of the sight of Turkey, Chicken, and such like, and feel that you want a change and something that will relish, try our Pickled Salmon; they weigh from three to five pounds each, but if you don't want a whole one we cut them and give you what you want, they don't cost but 12 cents a pound and they are sure to please you.
—AT—
THE BOSTON GROCERY,
Smith's New Building, Broadway,
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success
In making good, sweet bread.

SOLD ONLY BY
S. S. THOMPSON,
LAKE'S CORNER.

Deliciousness Within the Reach of All

By the labor and ingenuity of Dr. Price, we have now before us the sweetest, freshest and most natural flavors. His Delicious Vanilla Extract surpasses in delicate flavor any other flavoring extract, while his Extracts of Lemon and Orange are really as fresh and agreeable in their flavor as the true fruits from which they are made. Any Housekeeper who has once used

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavors

in her cakes, puddings or creams, will never return to the use of any other.

ANNALS OF 1893.

Brief Summary of the Events of the Year.

Record of Accidents, Cyclones, Storms and Fire Losses.

THE FIRE RECORD.

JANUARY.

1. Dry goods store burned at Emporia, Kan.; loss, $85,000.
2. Dry goods store burned at Denison, Tex.; loss, $75,000.

A $100,000 fire at Wheeling.

5. Loss of $175,000 by fire at Memphis.
6. Hallock building burned in Denver; loss, $200,000.

The Omaha Printing company burned out at Omaha; loss, $100,000.

1. The Troy building burned in Fall River, Mass.; loss, $135,000.
10. Several warehouses burned in Boston; loss, $1,650,000.
11. 15 stores burned in Chateaugay, N. Y.; loss, $150,000.
12. Fire caused a loss of $245,000 in Kansas City.

The Calumet clubhouse burned in Chicago; loss, $300,000.

St. Louis hotel burned in Duluth; loss, $100,000.

14. Allen & Ginter's cigarette factory burned in Richmond; loss, $250,000.
24. The McKay building burned in Rochester; loss, $250,000.
28. The Carondelet grain elevator burned in St. Louis; loss, $1,500,000.

A $100,000 fire at Elmwood, Ind.

31. A $100,000 fire at Clinton, Mo.

Grain elevator burned at Indianapolis; loss, $100,000.

24. The Beehive building burned at Sioux Falls; loss, $200,000.
28. Wheelworks burned at Portsmouth, O.; loss, $100,000.

FEBRUARY.

1. A $200,000 fire at Little Falls, N. Y.
4. Chemical works burned at Fairport, N. Y.; loss, $200,000.
6. The warehouse of the Grape Sugar company burned at Peoria, Ills.; loss, $100,000.
8. A block of stores burned at Clarksville, Tex.; loss, $150,000.
25. Planing mill burned at Felton, Ga.; loss, $150,000.

MARCH.

4. The state insane hospital at Ogdensburg, N. Y., partially burned; loss, $150,000.
5. Lannon's foundry burned at Pueblo, Colo.; loss, $100,000.
6. Kirkham's tile and pottery works burned at Barberton, O.; loss, $200,000.
10. A $2,500,000 fire in the old burned district of Boston; 3 killed, 30 injured.
13. The Denison compress burned at Denison, Tex.; loss, $150,000.
14. One-half of Arkansas City, Ark., burned; loss, $100,000.
17. The Wheeler Opera House and 6 stores burned at Toledo; loss, $200,000.
18. The Friend block burned in Milwaukee; loss, $500,000.
19. Morse's thread factory burned at South Easton, Miss.; loss about $300,000.

Tremont temple, the famous Baptist house of worship, burned in Boston; loss, $225,000.

23. The Kellor flouring mill burned at Litchfield, Ills.; loss over $1,000,000; an employee killed and many injured.
28. The Morgan House burned in Cleveland; 5 deaths.
29. The Elm Park Methodist church at Scranton destroyed by fire a second time; loss, $125,000.

Kirk Bros.' stock barns burned at Mason City, Ia.; loss on horses over $100,000.

The Montreal Daily Herald burned out for the fourth time; loss, $130,000.

APRIL.

1. The summer residence of Joseph Jefferson, the actor, at Buzzard's Bay, Mass., burned; loss, $250,000.
2. Duke & Sons' cigarette factory burned in New York; loss, $100,000.
4. A paper warehouse, a malt house, a planing mill and pickle works burned at Allegheny, Pa.; loss, $230,000.

A $75,000 fire in the business portion of Anson, Tex.

6. The College Hill sanitarium, near Cincinnati, burned; loss, $200,000.
7. Lumber yard and 31 dwellings burned at Ironton, O.; loss, $750,000.

4 distillery warehouses burned at Owensboro, Ky.; loss, $350,000.

Cleveland & Co's. wholesale grocery burned at Houston; loss, $185,000.

8. Breeding stables and 21 valuable horses burned at Warsaw, Ind.; loss, $200,000.
9. The Lily block burned at Waterbury, Conn.; loss, $150,000.
11. 7 business places burned at St. Mary's, O.; loss, $200,000.
12. A barn was struck by lightning near Gallatin, Tenn., and 25 valuable brood mares instantly killed; loss over $900,000.
16. Cassville, Mo., swept by fire; loss, $300,000.
19. The Clinton wire works at Clinton, Mass., destroyed; loss, $250,000.
20. The business portion of Wardner, Ida., burned; loss nearly $700,000.
23. A $100,000 fire at Colfax, Wash.
25. Currying factory burned at Woburn, Mass.; loss, 175,000.

MAY.

3. Bromley & Burns' yarn dyeing mill burned at Frankford, Pa.; loss, $240,000.
9. J. B. Wells' dry goods store burned at Utica, N. Y.; loss over $250,000.
11. Half of the village of Spring Lake, Mich., burned; loss, $80,000.

A $150,000 fire at Pittsburg.

20. 200 houses burned at Saginaw, Mich.; loss over $1,500,000.
23. A $150,000 fire at Belding, Mich.; 2 deaths.

Tannery burned at South Salem, Mass.; loss, $132,000.

24. Baltimore lost $1,000,000 by the burning of a sugar refinery.

JUNE.

2. The main building of the Cornell Iron works burned in New York city; loss, $300,000.
3. Lightning set fire to Shiverichs' furniture store in Omaha, causing a loss of over $300,000 and 5 deaths.
7. Fire swept away a dozen fine residences in San Francisco; loss, $200,000; 4 deaths.

A $200,000 fire on the main street of Oshkosh, Wis.

The Bradstreet-Thurber Co.'s store damaged $140,000 by fire in Minneapolis.

One-half the city of Fargo, N. D., destroyed by fire; 3,000 people homeless; loss over $3,600,000.

8. The Ville Marie convent, near Montreal, burned; loss, $1,000,000.

JULY.

5. The opera house at New Haven damaged $100,000 by fire.
16. The Glen House, Mount Washington, N. H., burned; loss over $100,000.
17. 30 buildings burned in the business portion of London; loss, £1,500,000.
19. The business portion of the town of Ewen, Minn., entirely destroyed by fire; loss, $250,000.
21. 31 buildings burned in Long Island City, N. Y.; loss, $400,000.
23. Port Louis, the capital of Mauritius, devastated by fire.

30 of the principal business houses of Paulding, O., burned; loss, $300,000.

28. Carter's lumber and shingle mill burned at Ludington, Mich.; loss, $125,000.

AUGUST.

2. The barn and other outbuildings on ex-Vice President Morton's farm at Rhinebeck, N. Y., burned; loss, $200,000.
3. The Kansas City branch house of the Whitman & Barnes manufacturing company of Akron, O., burned; loss, $125,000.
4. Pacific nail works burned at Oakland, Cal.; loss, $230,000.
7. The business section of Snow Hill, Md., nearly destroyed by fire; loss, $500,000.
10. Fire destroyed several mills, lumber yards and over 200 houses in Milwaukee; loss, $2,000,000.
14. A $300,000 fire in Steubenville, O.

Flour mill and elevator burned at Denver; loss over $250,000.

15. The Coolesworth elevator burned at Buffalo; loss nearly $300,000.
28. South Chicago lost 200 buildings by fire; 5,000 people homeless and damage over $600,000.

SEPTEMBER.

1. The Thornton Worsted mill at Providence was burned; loss, $225,000.
10. The exhibition building at Spokane, Wash., burned; loss, $100,000.

Elevator burned at Mount Vernon, Ind.; loss, $100,000.

14. 29 buildings burned at Schell City, Mo.; loss, $80,000.
22. Lumber plant burned at Red Wing, Minn.; loss, $130,000.
23. The Purcell Co.'s malt houses burned in Chicago; loss, $400,000.
25. Large fire at St. Joseph, Mo.; dynamite used to stop the flames; loss nearly $1,000,000.

OCTOBER.

2. Farnham Street theater burned in Omaha, loss, $250,000.
12. 30 buildings burned in the business district of Sioux City, Ia.; loss about $500,000.
15. 30 buildings burned at King City, Mo.; loss, $150,000.

A $200,000 fire at Detroit.

17. 2 blocks, including factories and dwellings, burned in New York city; loss, $1,500,000.
19. Fire caused damage of $140,000 at Springfield, Ills.
22. A $200,000 fire in the Ax and Tool company's works at East Douglass, Mass.; 1,000 men thrown out of employment.
27. The Chautauqua Lake Ice company and the Pittsburg Storage company burned out in Pittsburg; loss, $850,000.

NOVEMBER.

1. A $200,000 lumber mill fire at Dixon, O.
2. Roman Catholic church at Iron Mountain, Mich., destroyed by fire; the pastor, Father Cavicchi, family burned.
7. The business district of Danvers, Ills. nearly wiped out by fire.
8. The Lyceum theater in Memphis burned; loss, $350,000.
12. Firebrick factory burned at Utica, Ills.; loss, $200,000.
13. The Schmulowitz block burned in Memphis; 4 deaths; loss nearly $1,000,000.
15. The Page flourmills and other property destroyed by fire at Fergus Mills, Minn.; loss, $100,000.
18. The Western Warehouse and Storage company burned out at Kansas City; loss, $200,000.
21. The Masonic and Odd Fellows' building and Watts' Opera House burned at Starkville, Miss.; loss, $100,000.
22. Several blocks burned at Springfield, Mass.; loss, $450,000.
23. Edson, Moore & Co.'s dry goods store burned in Detroit; loss, $800,000; 7 employees killed.
24. The Henrietta theater, the Chittenden hotel and auditorium, and the Park theater destroyed by fire at Columbus, O.; losses over $1,000,000.
26. The William Voorhis dry goods store, the Kister hotel and other buildings burned at Hannibal, Mo.; loss, $300,000.
28. A business block burned in Oil City; 4 deaths; loss on property, $80,000.

DECEMBER.

1. Thornton Worsted mills burned in Philadelphia; loss over $235,000.
2. A $400,000 fire in the business district of Baltimore.
4. The New York Locomotive works at Rome, N. Y., valued at $500,000, almost totally destroyed by fire.

A $100,000 fire at Corsicana, Tex.

6. The steam engineering department, Norfolk navy yard, burned; loss, $225,000.
15. A nine-story factory burned in New York; loss, $500,000. A $100,000 fire in New Haven.
22. Wakefield Rattan Furniture Factory burned in Boston; loss, $150,000.
27. Fire in a Providence block. Dr. F. A. Gay died of suffocation in the building.

CYCLONES, EARTHQUAKES, ETC.

Phenomena of Wind and Weather—Startling Disturbances of Nature.

JANUARY.

31. Destructive and fatal earthquake on the island of Zante, Greece.

MARCH.

6. A hurricane caused loss of life and property at Tamatoy, Madagascar; 10 vessels foundered in the harbor.
8. Earthquake shock in New York city.
9. Severe earthquake shock at Rahway, N. J.
15. Earthquake shock on Long Island.
23. $2,000,000 damage by a cyclone in Mississippi; 18 deaths.
24. An earthquake caused loss of several lives and destruction of property in Colombia.

APRIL.

8. Destructive earthquake in Servia.
11. Great havoc by cyclones in Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri; many people killed or injured.
17. The island of Zante again visited by a destructive earthquake; the city of Zante and many villages destroyed.
18. The town of Boles, Ark., destroyed by a cyclone; 7 killed, many injured.
25. Two cyclones swept over Oklahoma; over 100 lives lost.
28. The town of Cisco, Tex., wiped out by a cyclone; 30 killed and 40 injured.

JUNE.

6. The town of Woodington, O., nearly demolished by a wind and rain storm; 1 death.
21. 20 deaths in a tornado which swept over Jefferson county, Kan.

JULY.

6. Pomeroy, Ia., destroyed by a tornado; 53 killed, 50 fatally injured and 150 maimed.

AUGUST.

23. Fierce gale on the New England, New York and Jersey coasts; vessels and hotels wrecked, many deaths.
27. A West India hurricane devastated the South Carolina and Georgia coasts; appalling death lists in Savannah, Port Royal, Beaufort and neighboring islands; the steamer City of Savannah, from Boston, wrecked on the South Carolina shoals.

SEPTEMBER.

7. 5 people killed by a tornado at Lockport, La.

OCTOBER.

2. Terrible storm on the gulf coast; over 2,000 lives lost, damage several millions.

NOVEMBER.

17. The town of Kuchau, province of Khorassan, Persia, destroyed by an earthquake; over 12,000 lives lost.
19. Furious windstorm on the coasts of Great Britain and France; heavy loss of life at sea and extensive damage to property.
27. Earthquake shocks in northern New York, New England and Canada.

DECEMBER.

1. Blizzard and cold wave throughout the northern states.

DISASTERS ON LAND.

A Startling Chapter of Deaths by Railroad Accidents, Explosions, Fires, Etc.

JANUARY.

10. 22 miners killed by gas explosion at Como, Colo.
18. A freight train dashed into a sleigh loaded with people at Lonsdale, R. I., killing 8, maiming 7.
31. An oil tank exploded on a wrecked freight train near Alton, Ills., killing 21 people, injuring nearly 100.

FEBRUARY.

9. 44 lives lost by the burning of a lunatic asylum at Dover, N. H.
11. 10 men crushed to death by falling down a marble quarry in Vermont.
28. 7 persons killed by the falling of a burned out store in Chicago.

APRIL.

1. Fatal hotel fire at Bradford, Pa.; 5 deaths; 10 deaths by fire damp explosion in the Nelson shaft at Shamokin, Pa.
7. 9 men killed by the crushing of a building at Romeo, Ills.
10. In a gale the intake end of the Milwaukee tunnel, under Lake Michigan, was wrecked and 11 men drowned.

MAY.

6. 10 killed and many injured in a wreck on the "Big Four" road.
7. 12 killed, 7 injured by a boiler explosion on steamer Ohio, Mississippi river.
14. 10 miners killed by falling down a shaft at the Calumet and Hecla mine, Michigan.
17. 6 deaths by the explosion of a generator in glucose factory at Geneva, Ills.

JUNE.

8. The floors of Ford's old opera house, Washington, where Lincoln was assassinated, fell, carrying down hundreds of government clerks who worked in the building; 23 killed, injured over 50.
14. A stroke of lightning killed four brothers named Wright, who were standing under a tree at Adrian, Mo.
20. 4 deaths at a fire in Duluth.

4 killed and 100 injured by the derailment of a train on the Long Island railroad at Parkville, N. Y.

21. Lightning struck a circus tent at River Falls, Wis., and killed 7 people.

JULY.

3. 5 killed and over 20 injured in a collision on the West Shore road at Newburg, N. Y.
10. 18 persons killed and 19 injured during the burning of a cold storage warehouse in the World's fair grounds.
17. A locomotive crashed into a crowded street car in Chicago, killing 4 passengers.
31. 5 men killed and 4 badly injured by the explosion of a farm engine boiler near Newark, O.

AUGUST.

3. 9 seamen killed by the explosion of a grenade on the German armor clad steamer Baden at Kiel, Germany.
6. The reservoir of the Portland (Me.) Water company burst; 2 houses crushed, 4 people killed.

22 pleasure excursionists drowned by the swamping of a rowboat in Swansea bay, Port Talbot, Wales.

14. 5 killed and 14 injured in the burning of the Senate hotel, Chicago.
16. 7 passengers killed in a railroad accident at Milton, Va.
30. Mr. L. J. Bevee, his wife and daughter and 3 young ladies while driving to church at Leroy, N. Y., were instantly killed by an express train at a railway crossing.
[illegible]. 18 killed and 16 injured in a collision on the Long Island railroad at Newtown.
[illegible]. 20 killed and many injured by the collapse of a bridge on the Boston and Albany road near Chester, Mass.

SEPTEMBER.

3. A runaway electric car in Cincinnati killed 3 people; 40 injured.
7. 12 killed and 10 injured in a head end collision at Colehour, near Chicago.
19. 8 killed and 20 injured in a rear end collision at Manteno, Ills.
22. An express wrecked by an open switch on the Wabash at Kingsbury, Ind.; 12 killed.
28. 28 miners drowned in the Mansfield mine, Michigan, by a break in the bed of the Michigamme river.

OCTOBER.

13. Terrible rear end collision of World's fair excursion trains on the Michigan Central at Jackson; 12 killed, 40 injured.
17. 5 killed and 5 injured by a dynamite explosion at Ensington, Ills.
20. A head end collision on the Grand Trunk at Battle Creek, Mich., slaughtered 28 people.

NOVEMBER.

2. Boiler exploded in a street car stable in New York city; 8 people killed, 13 injured.
3. Cargo of dynamite exploded at the quay in Santander, Spain; nearly 1,000 people killed and injured.
4. 10 workmen drowned from an overloaded sailboat in New York harbor.
7. Anarchists threw bombs into the opera house at Barcelona; 30 killed, 80 injured.
8. 12 killed by a rear end collision on the Rock Island and Pacific in the streets of Chicago.
21. 7 men burned to death and 7 badly injured in hotel fire at Beaver, Pa.

DECEMBER.

2. 3 men killed at slate quarry at Welchtown, Pa., by the breaking of a cable.

ALL SORTS OF HAPPENINGS.

Miscellaneous Events of the Year Well Worth Remembering.

JANUARY.

14. Revolution in Hawaii; Queen Liliuokalani deposed.

FEBRUARY.

1. United States protectorate established over the Sandwich Islands.
22. The Inman line steamer City of New York transferred to the American flag.
24. John W. Mackay, the California capitalist, was shot by an insane man.

APRIL.

6. The great Mormon temple at Salt Lake City dedicated.
13. The United States flag hauled down at Hawaii.

8 settlers killed by the Navajo Indians in Colorado.

28. International naval review at New York.

MAY.

1. World's fair opened at Chicago.
7. The wife of Chauncey M. Depew died in New York city.

JUNE.

5. Professor Charles Richmond, an aeronaut from Springfield, Ills., leaped with a defective parachute into the Delaware river at Trenton and was killed.
17. The Viking ship, from Norway, arrived in New York harbor.
20. Lizzie Borden acquitted of the murder of her father and mother at New Bedford, Mass.
26. Governor Altgeld of Illinois pardoned the anarchists Fielden, Neebe and Schwab, imprisoned at Juliet for complicity in the Haymarket riot.

JULY.

2. New York state monument dedicated at Gettysburg.

The Falcon, with Lieut. Peary's exploring party on board, started for the arctic regions.

13. Shots exchanged between Siamese forts and French gunboats at the mouth of the Meinam river; 20 Siamese killed.
14. The friendly Sioux chief, Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses, dropped dead at Newcastle, Wy.
28. 350,000 English coal miners went out in a strike.
29. Siam accepted the ultimatum of France in the boundary dispute.

AUGUST.

2. The gold reserve in the United States treasury was above the limit for the first time since April 30.
8. The French blockade of Siam raised.
15. The twelfth annual encampment Sons of Veterans opened at Cincinnati.
31. The coal miners' strike in Wales collapsed; 60,000 men resumed work.

SEPTEMBER.

14. Rebel warships bombarded the government forts at Rio Janeiro.
16. 6,000,000 acres in the Cherokee strip opened to settlers.
20. Citizens attempt to lynch a negro at Roanoke, Va., and were fired upon by the militia; 6 killed, many injured.
21. Robert Smith, the negro who caused the riot at Roanoke, Va., on the 20th, hanged by a mob.

OCTOBER.

9. Over 700,000 persons visited the World's fair in honor of Chicago day.
28. Battle between Spanish troops and Riffians at Melilla in Morocco; Gen. Margallo, the Spanish commander, and 70 of his men killed.
30. The World's fair declared officially at an end.

NOVEMBER.

18. 2,000 train operatives and telegraphers on the Lehigh Valley went out on a strike.

The new cruiser Columbia made the fastest record in the world in a trial trip; average speed, 23 knots.

DECEMBER.

1. Admiral Mello escaped from the bay of Rio Janeiro on the flagship Aquidaban after some hard fighting with government forces.
2. A score or more of wrecks on the Lehigh road in consequence of the strike of its trained operatives.
4. Several lives lost in a cyclone in Montana.
5. Seventeen thousand Scotch miners who had returned to work called out.
6. The Lehigh Valley strike ended by arbitration.
7. Official trial of cruiser Marblehead.
11. Ten cases of small pox reported in Boston.
15. Twenty persons killed by the fall of a bridge near Jefferson, Ind.
22. Cruiser Columbia accepted by the Secretary of the Navy.
23. Receiver appointed for the Atchison, Santa Fe & Topeka railroad.
26. Anti-tax riots in Sicily.
27. Thomas C. Platt appointed receiver of the New York & New England road.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

Happenings Worthy of Record In Social and Political Circles.

JANUARY.

16. James Smith, Jr., elected United States senator from New Jersey.
17. Edward Murphy, Jr., elected United States senator from New York.
27. John H. Mitchell elected United States senator from Wisconsin.

FEBRUARY.

7. Judge W. B. Allen, Populist, elected United States senator from Nebraska.
20. William N. Roach elected United States senator from North Dakota.

MARCH.

6. President Cleveland's cabinet officers nominated and confirmed by the senate: Walter Q. Gresham of Illinois, secretary of state; John G. Carlisle of Kentucky, secretary of the treasury; Daniel S. Lamont of New York, secretary of war; Richard Olney of Massachusetts, attorney general; Wilson S. Bissell of New York, postmaster general; Hilary A. Herbert of Alabama, secretary of the navy; Hoke Smith of Georgia, secretary of the interior; Julius Sterling Morton of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture.
30. Hon. Thomas F. Bayard of Delaware appointed United States embassador to Great Britain, the first appointment under the title embassador.

APRIL.

15. The Duke of Veragua, a lineal descendant of Columbus, arrived at New York.

MAY.

4. Dean William Lawrence chosen Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts to succeed Phillips Brooks, lately deceased.
9. Joseph H. Blount appointed minister to Hawaii.
18. The Infanta Eulalie of Spain arrived in New York.

JUNE.

8. Mrs. James G. Blaine, widow of Secretary Blaine, sailed for England, where she will reside permanently.
7. James Gordon Bennett seriously injured by falling from a coach in Paris.

JULY.

6. The Duke of York (Prince George of Wales) and Princess Victoria May of Teck married in London.

AUGUST.

7. Congress met in extraordinary session.
29. Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes celebrated his eighty-fourth birthday.

SEPTEMBER.

3. Auguste Bartholdi, the sculptor of the Liberty statue in New York harbor, arrived in that city from Europe.
7. Ex-King Milan of Servia stricken with apoplexy.
12. De Lesseps, the Panama canal projector, released from prison at Paris.

NOVEMBER.

17. General Master Workman T. V. Powderly, Knights of Labor, resigned.

DECEMBER.

1. J. R. Sovereign of Iowa installed general master workman, Knights of Labor.
4. Congress met in regular session.
[illegible]. Mr. Van Alen declined the Italian mission.
4. Congress assembled.
4. New French Cabinet formed.
5. The President again sent to the Senate the name of William B. Hornblower of New York for justice of the Supreme Court.
6. New Servian Cabinet formed.
14. Elections in Massachusetts cities. Mayor Matthews re-elected in Boston.
13. Dynamite exploded in the French Chamber of Deputies.
14. Ex-Premier Crispi formed a new Cabinet in Italy.
15. House of Representatives voted to admit Arizona to statehood.
19. Thomas S. Martin elected United States Senator from Virginia.
19. Chairman Wilson reported the new tariff bill to the House.
19. Wayne MacVeagh appointed ambassador to Italy.
21. Commodore Stanton restored to duty.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS.

The Most Important Games, Races and Battles of 1893.

MARCH.

2. Ed Smith defeated Joe Goddard in 18 rounds at New Orleans.
8. Bob Fitzsimmons whipped Jim Hall in 4 rounds at New Orleans.
22. Oxford crew defeated Cambridge in 18 minutes 47 seconds; Thames course.

MAY.

15. Diablo won the Brooklyn handicap at Gravesend, N. Y.
29. Jim Hall defeated Frank Slavin in 47 rounds in London.

JUNE.

8. Frank Ives defeated John Roberts at billiards in London.
20. Lowlander won the Suburban handicap, Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.
24. Boundless won the American Derby at Chicago.
28. E. W. Goff won the all round athletic championship of America at New York.
30. Yale beat Harvard in the annual boat race at New London, Conn.

AUGUST.

7. George Dixon defeated Eddie Pierce for the world's featherweight championship at Coney Island.
30. Domino won the $65,000 Futurity stakes at Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.

OCTOBER.

7. The American yacht Vigilant won the first race in the contest for the America's cup over the English yacht Valkyrie by 5 minutes 48 seconds.
9. The Vigilant won the second race over the Valkyrie by 10 minutes 35 seconds.
13. The Vigilant won the third race against the Valkyrie by 40 seconds, deciding the contest.
18. Directum trotted a mile in 2:05¼ at Nashville; new world's record for stallions.

NOVEMBER.

2. Directum, king of trotters, defeated Mascot, king of pacers, at Fleetwood Park, N. Y.
7. John S. Johnson, bicyclist, with flying start, rode a mile in 1 minute 55 3-5 seconds; world's record.
22. Directum defeated Alix, queen of racing trotters, at Fleetwood Park in 3 straight heats; best mile trotted in 2:08.
25. Yale defeated Harvard at football; score, 6 to 0.
30. Princeton defeated Yale at football; score, 6 to 0.

CALAMITIES AT SEA.

Marine Disasters Caused by Collisions, Storms, Fires, Explosions, Etc.

FEBRUARY.

3. 37 people drowned by the loss of the British steamship Trinacria off the coast of Spain.
8. Norwegian bark Alice went ashore at Long Beach, N. J.; 5 sailors drowned.

APRIL.

6. 6 sailors drowned by the capsizing of the fishing schooner Genesta off Barnegat.

MAY.

14. The steamer City of Hamburg run down the ship Countess Evelyn off the Cornish coast; 25 lives lost.
17. 25 lives lost in a storm on Lake Erie.

JUNE.

23. The British battleship Victoria sunk in collision with the battleship Camperdown in the Mediterranean sea; over 400 lives lost, including Admiral Tryon.

AUGUST.

8. The pleasure yacht Rachel, on Lake George, sank and carried down 9 people.
28. The Reading company's collier Panther and barge Lykens Valley wrecked off Southampton, N. Y.; 17 drowned.

SEPTEMBER.

6. The Haytian warship Alexandre foundered off Cape Tiburon, Hayti, carrying down 30 souls, among them a company of distinguished Haytian diplomats.

OCTOBER.

14. Disastrous storm on the great lakes; the propeller Dean Richmond lost at Van Buren Point, carrying down 18 of her crew, the captain, his wife and 3 children.

NOVEMBER.

1. Steamship City of Alexandria burned off Cajimar, Cuba; 35 people drowned while trying to escape.
6. 24 castaway sailors drowned off Point aux Barques, Lake Huron, by the swamping of a boat.

DECEMBER.

6. British ship Jason wrecked off Highland Light, Mass., in a gale; 25 seamen lost.

DEATH ROLL OF 1893.

Some Very Brilliant Names Adorn the Grim Record.

JANUARY.

6. Gilbert Pillsbury, once a prominent abolition leader, in North Abington, Mass.; aged 79.

Mrs. Martha Joan Reade Nash Lamb, historian, in New York city; aged 64.

6. C. A. Cappa, bandmaster of the Seventh New York regiment, in New York city; aged 68.

Maj. J. P. Frost of the Boston Globe, an old New England journalist, in Boston.

10. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, at Washington; aged 75.
14. Gen. Joseph J. Bartlett, a Union veteran and ex-minister to Sweden, in Baltimore; aged 73.
15. Gen. Rufus Ingalls, U. S. A. (retired), in New York city; aged 74.
17. Gen. Rutherford B. Hayes, ex-president of the United States, at Fremont, O.; aged 71.
23. Phillips Brooks, bishop of Massachusetts, in Boston; aged 58.
24. Justice L. Q. C. Lamar of the United States supreme court, at Macon, Ga.; aged 68.
27. Hon. James G. Blaine, in Washington; aged 63.

Gen. Abner Doubleday, U. S. A. (retired) a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Mendham, N. J.; aged 74.

28. Gen. S. S. Carroll, U.S.A. (retired), in Washington; aged 70.

FEBRUARY.

12. Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, in Louisville; aged 75.
20. Gen. P. G. T. Beauregard, the Confederate veteran, at New Orleans; aged 75.
26. Rufus Hatch, a well known stockbroker, in New York city; aged 54.

MARCH.

2. R. M. Bishop, ex-governor of Ohio, at Jacksonville, Fla.; aged 81.
6. Hippolyte Adolphe Taine, French historian and critic, in Paris; aged 75.

Gen. Thomas Reynolds, a Union veteran, in Chicago.

10. Rev. Andrew Preston Peabody, professor emeritus in Harvard university, at Cambridge, Mass.; aged 82.
11. Col. Charles E. Taylor, the oldest telegrapher in the west, at Frankfort, Ky.; aged 59.
17. Jules Ferry, the French statesman, in Paris; aged 61.
20. Commodore Horatio Bridge, U. S. N. (retired); aged 87.
22. Ex-Senator Eli Saulsbury of Delaware, at Dover; aged 76.
24. Col. Elliott F. Shepard, editor of the New York Mail and Express, in New York city; aged 59.
28. Gen. E. Kirby Smith, the Confederate veteran, at Sewanee, Tenn.; aged 68.

APRIL.

5. F. K. Bruce, formerly known in Chicago as the "Corn King," in that city; aged 55.
7. Rt. Rev. William Ingraham Kip, the first Protestant Episcopal bishop of California; aged 81.

George I. Seney, financier and philanthropist, in New York city; aged 67.

10. Manuel Gonzales, ex-president of the Mexican republic; aged 73.
20. Mrs. Almira Hancock, widow of Gen. W. S. Hancock, in New York.
22. Gen. E. F. Beale, a Union veteran and ex-United States minister to Austria, in Washington; aged 71.
27. Gen. John M. Corse, the hero of Allatoona, at Winchester, Mass.; aged 68.

MAY.

4. Ex-United States Senator J. W. Patterson of New Hampshire, at Hanover, N. H.
7. Col. Ward H. Lamon, who was Lincoln's private secretary, at Martinsburg, W. Va.
10. Dr. Charles Carroll Lee, president of the New York Medical society, in New York city; aged 54.
11. Gen. E. D. Townsend, adjutant general of the army (retired), at Washington; aged 76.
12. Gen. S. C. Armstrong, principal of Hampton Normal institute and Indian school, at Hampton, Va.; aged 54.
14. Rev. W. H. A. Bissell, bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Vermont, at Burlington; aged 80.
19. James E. Murdoch, actor and elocutionist, at Cincinnati; aged 83.
26. Dr. Lyman A. Abbott, a New England cancer specialist, at Malden, Mass.; aged 56.

JUNE.

7. Edwin Booth, the eminent tragedian, in New York city; aged 60.

Dr. J. E. Hendricks, a noted mathematician, at Des Moines; aged 79.

8. Rev. Dr. O. R. Blue, prominent in the Methodist church south, at Greensboro, Ala.; aged 70.
11. Gen. James A. Hall, a civil war veteran of Maine, died on board of a train on the New York Central near Syracuse.
21. Senator Leland Stanford, the California capitalist, at Palo Alto, Cal.; aged 69.
27. Rev. W. W. Kone, the oldest Baptist minister in the United States, in Denison, Tex.; aged 90.

JULY.

5. Commodore Francis Lockwood, U. S. N. (retired), at Flushing, N. Y.; aged 90.
6. Guy de Maupassant, the French romanticist; aged 44.
7. Justice Samuel Blatchford of the United States supreme court, at Newport, R. I.; aged 73.
9. Ex-Governor A. K. Allison of Florida, in Jacksonville; aged 83.
10. Charles Brenneke, formerly well known as an architect and engineer, at Marshalltown, Ia.; aged 79.
15. Gen. David W. Miles, a Pennsylvania veteran, at Lancaster; aged 61.

Gen. J. C. Kelton, U. S. A. (retired), at Washington; aged 61.

16. Gen. Edward Jardine, a Union veteran, in New York city; aged 66.

Rear Admiral Earl English, U. S. N. (retired), at Washington; aged 65.

20. Gen. J. G. Walker, a veteran of the regular army and of the Confederacy, in Washington; aged 70.
21. Rear Admiral Melanethon Smith, U. S. N. (retired), at Green Bay, Wis.; aged 83.
28. Gen. George W. Morgan, a Mexican and civil war veteran, at Fort Monroe, Va.; aged 78.

AUGUST.

1. Gen. William P. Innes, a civil war veteran, at Grand Rapids.
3. James L. Wright, one of seven founders of the Knights of Labor, at Germantown, Pa.; aged 76.
4. Gen. George B. Bingham, a Union veteran, at Westboro, Mass.
7. Alfred Butler Starey, editor Harper's Young People, in New York city.
8. John B. Wright, manager of Ford's theater, where President Lincoln was assassinated, at Allston, Mass.; aged 78.

George Makepeace Towle, historian and journalist, at Brookline, Mass.; aged 52.

William T. W. Ball, an old Boston journalist, in that city; aged 63.

Rear Admiral Thornton A. Jenkins, U. S. N., at Washington; aged 81.

10. George Shiras, father of Justice Shiras, and an old Pennsylvanian, at Pittsburg; aged 86.
17. John W. Casilear, a noted American landscape painter, at Saratoga Springs; aged 83.
18. John F. Ballyntine, journalist who helped found the Chicago Herald, in Chicago.
22. Leopold Alexander, duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, at Coburg; aged 75.
23. Mrs. Anna Hyde, aged 104, died at Peekskill, N. Y.

SEPTEMBER.

3. Col. Jerome Bonaparte, grandnephew of Napoleon I, at Pride's Crossing, Mass.; aged 63.
6. Miss Emma M. Converse, a noted astronomical writer, at Whitefield, N. H.; aged 73.
7. Ex-Secretary of State Hamilton Fish, at Garrison's, N. Y.; aged 85.
13. Frederick Lathrop Ames, the richest man in New England, on board the sound steamer Pilgrim; aged 58.
19. Sir Alexander F. Galt, a prominent Canadian official, at Montreal; aged 76.
27. Professor J. F. Parrish Steele of Illinois, a well known writer on agriculture, in Mobile; aged 65.

Louis Lange, a German journalist and publisher, in St. Louis; aged 64.

OCTOBER.

1. Judge Irving B. Randle, who was an intimate friend of Lincoln, at Alton, Ills.; aged 82.
17. MacMahon, Duc de Magenta, marshal of France and ex-president of the republic, in Paris; aged 85.

Lucy Stone Blackwell, the woman suffragist, at Dorchester, Mass.; aged 75.

19. Gen. Dennis F. Burke, one of the commanders of the Irish brigade, in New York city; aged 53.
20. Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff, celebrated Biblical exegete and church historian, in New York city; aged 74.
24. Rear Admiral Walter W. Queen, U. S. N. (retired), in Washington; aged 69.
26. Hon. Carter H. Harrison, mayor of Chicago, in Chicago; aged 68.
30. Sir John Abbott, ex-premier of Canada, at Montreal; aged 72.

NOVEMBER.

8. Francis Parkman, the eminent historian, at Jamaica Plain, Mass., aged 70.
9. Professor Herman August Hagen, Harvard college, well known entomologist, at Cambridge, Mass.; aged 76.

Annie Pixley, the actress, in London.

11. Ex-Governor Charles H. Bell of New Hampshire, at Exeter, N. H.; aged 70.
12. Mrs. J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, wife of the newly appointed secretary of the American embassy, in London.
14. William A. Beane, a prominent Democrat of Indiana, editor of the Goshen Democrat, died suddenly in the streets of Goshen.
15. Elizabeth Oaksmith, poet and lecturer, at Hollywood, N. C.; aged 87.
18. Rev. Charles F. Deems, pastor of the Church of the Strangers, in New York city; aged 73.
21. Hon. Jeremiah McLain Rusk, ex-governor of Wisconsin and also secretary of agriculture under Harrison, at Viroqua, Wis.; aged 63.
22. William T. Coleman, a California pioneer and merchant prince of San Francisco; aged 69.
24. Ex-Governor John J. Jacob of West Virginia, at Wheeling; aged 64.
25. Congressman Charles O'Neill, the "father of the house," in Philadelphia; aged 72.
26. William L. Banning, a political and business leader of Minnesota, in St. Paul; aged 79.

DECEMBER.

1. William Lilly, a prominent public man and capitalist of Pennsylvania, at Mauch Chunk; aged 73.
2. Pauline Cushman, the noted Union scout, in San Francisco.
4. Professor John Tyndall, the celebrated British scientist, at Haslemere, County Surrey, England; aged 73.
8. Charles E. Bowers, prominent Nationalist, in Arlington, Mass.; aged 49.
22. Colonel W. C. Young, West Point's oldest graduate; aged 94.
22. Daniel Haggerty, Salem's oldest citizen; aged 104.
26. Henry W. Paine, eminent lawyer of Boston; aged 82.
27. Dean of Ely, in London.

The Kind medicine you need is the old reliable tonic and blood-purifier,

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

It can have no substitute. Cures others, will cure you

Mrs. Henry A. Dickie, Montclair, N. J.

"I would advocate it for cleaning everything from the baby down to flat-irons." The Modern Cleaner

Bon Ami

METAL CORNICES

Fire-proof, weather-proof, indestructible. Do not rot like wood. Made to look like heavy stone at less cost. Orioli, bay-windows, friezes, gables and conductors. Send for designs and prices.

E. VAN NOORDEN & CO., 903 Harrison Ave. . . . BOSTON

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,

Saddle, Harness

AND

Trunk Makers.

Repairing in all its Branches.

265 & 268 Thames Street.

People's Library Building.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A.M. to 2 P.M.

FINANCIAL.

National Bank of Rhode Island of Newport,

No. 203 THAMES STREET, NEAR THE POSTOFFICE.

The Oldest Bank in the City.

Organized as a State Bank in 1791. Nationalized in 1865.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes and Chests for Silver to Rent.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Drafts drawn for one pound sterling and upwards, payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales and the Azores (or western islands). London correspondent—Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.

Also sub-agents for sale of Cheque Bank Cheques, payable in any part of the world.

Drafts also drawn on Bankers in Paris, payable in francs, on Berlin in marks, on Copenhagen in kronors, etc., etc.

All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention.

DIRECTORS

Frederick Tompkins, President.
Thomas P. Peckham, Cashier.
H. Audley Clarke, Theodore K. Gibbs,
Thomas Dunn, Henry A. C. Taylor,
Daniel B. Fearing, H. Wallace Briggs.

Baldwin Brothers Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS

New York, Boston and Chicago.

Members Con. Stock Exchange, New York, and of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grains, cash or margin. No interest charged on New York stocks.

Newport Office, 197 Thames St

H. BULL, JR., Manager.

LETTERS OF CREDIT. We buy and sell Bills of Exchange on and make cable transfers of money to Europe, Australia and the West Indies; also make Collections and issue Commercial and Traveling Credits, available in all parts of the world.

Brown Brothers & Co.,

BANKERS, No. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

A DIVIDEND PAYER!

The Gold Dollar Mining Company,

Of Cripple Creek, Colorado.

Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar, each FULL PAID and NON-ASSESSABLE. 150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent. Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.

In January 1894 the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 24 per cent. per annum on the amount invested.

H. H. OFFICER, Sec. and Treas.

A limited amount of the shares are now offered AT 50 CTS. PER SHARE.

Stock, Prospectus and experts' report may be obtained from the banking house of

H. H. LOUNSBERY,
67 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £

Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.

A. S. SHERMAN, Merchants' Bank.

ESTABLISHED 1815.

HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD.

Lumber, Hardware, Brick, Lime, Cement, Drain Pipe.

Johns Asbestos Paint.

No. 321 Thames Street.

Poultry, Poultry!

We are receiving daily from the well known Seth Bateman farm, Tiverton, R. I., fancy chickens and Turkeys. This poultry is as fine in quality as ever shown in this or any other market; as prices of poultry are low we are selling this fancy stock at extremely low figures.

A. A. HUNT & CO.,

151 THAMES STREET.

HEADACHE

There is danger in headaches. It is not simply the pain, but it is a sure sign of disorder internally. Hence it is not enough to take something to stop the pain. The medicine should be a remedy which relieves the pain and then goes on and regulates the stomach, blood and nerves. Otherwise the pain will speedily return.

Take Dr. Paul Baker's Grape Cure.

No matter whether yours are sick-headaches, or nervous, or bilious, or neuralgic, Grape Cure will relieve you. And it fully cures most people. We cannot explain how the compound works such marvellous cures; that seems to be one of nature's secrets. But the lucky combination of the grape extractive and the herbs used, certainly does bring about splendid and wonderful cures. Yet not an atom of the usual narcotic drugs is in it—just simply herbal extracts and the grape. Costiveness, a prolific source of headache, quickly cured. The use of Grape Cure tones up the general health and makes you feel stronger and more like work.

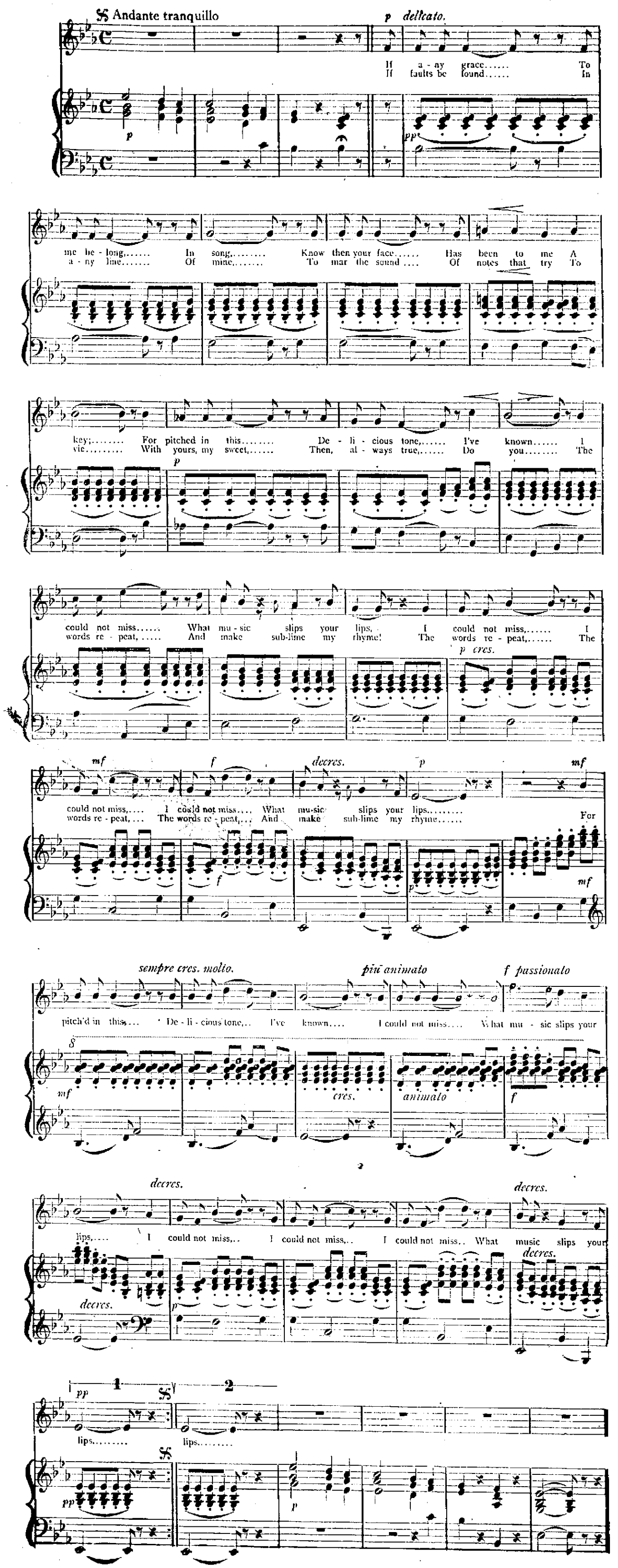
Sold at all Drug Stores. $1.00

Dr. Baker's GRAPE CURE

STORAGE.

Carriages Stored or the Winter at Shanahan's office, Weaver street.

Words by Frank Dumont Sherman. **IF ANY GRACE.** Music by J. E. Osborn.



CLOTHING.

Our $1.50 Camel's Hair Underwear, which we have sold all along for $1.25 we will sell for $1.00 now and during the week ending Saturday, January 6, 1894.

W. C. LANGLEY & SON,

174 & 176 THAMES STREET.

BENNETT'S

One Price Clothing Store,

Next Caswell, Massey & Co.

Warm Ulsters, O'coats and Reefers

For men and boys.

WINTER UNDERWEAR, WARM CAPS AND GLOVES.

Will continue to fill orders for World's Fair Book as long as any are wanted.

MARTIN E. BENNETT,

223 THAMES STREET.

The Newest Styles

—OF—

Beavers, Meltons and Kerseys

—FOR—

Winter Overcoats

MAY BE FOUND AT

OTTO'S,

244 THAMES STREET.

Just arrived, a large assortment of

FALL and WINTER GOODS

AT

T. J. GEANEY'S,

19 FRANKLIN STREET.

The Latest Styles

—IN—

WINTER GOODS

—AT—

H. D. SPOONER'S,

200 THAMES STREET.

Family Coal.

A full stock of the best varieties of Red and White Ash Coal. Now discharging,

645 TONS

Lykens Valley and George's Creek Cumberland Coal.

Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

Bottled Ale,

75 cents per dozen,

FOR FAMILY USE A SPECIALTY.

T. J. LYON

3 & 5 BULL'S WHARF.

MONTEBELLO

Was the wine used exclusively at the breakfasts, dinners and banquets given by the French people to the Russians. Quarts, $2.50 per bottle, $30 per case; pints, $1.40 per bottle, $16 per case.

GOLDEN AGE

Is the best Champagne produced in this country; it is no cheap Catawba wine charged, but made identically the same as the French wines. Quarts, $1.40 per bottle, $15 per case; pints, 80c. per bottle, $17 per case.

PELEG BRYER & SON,

Sole Agents, Broadway and Spring Street.

YOU CAN GET

These beautiful, luxurious robes and chairs, tastefully lined in hair in the best manner and made in any material wanted at very low prices at 45 Bull Street.

A LARGE LINE OF

Woolen Dresses

For the little folks.

☞Also two large dolls to be given away this year as before. Tickets will be ready Thursday, Dec. 7, at

M. E. LAPPIN'S Wrapper Store.
116 THAMES STREET.

Stop Coughing!!!

Coughing is useful in silencing a tedious speaker; however, in other respects it is thoroughly objectionable. Don't do it! It rasps the tender mucous membrane of your throat and bronchial tubes, and causes an irritation which results in inflammation and often brings on consumption.

The following gentlemen can supply you with a medicine that gives instant relief and effects a cure:

Geo. A. Wood, Cor. Broadway and Collins St.
C. M. Cole, 302 Thames St.,
John F. Holland, 475 Thames St.,
James T. Wright, 22 Washington Sq.,
Hazard, Hazard & Co., 212 Thames St.,
Frank L. Powell, 270 Thames St.,
Downing Brothers, 44 Broadway,
H. N. Hazard & Co., 164 Bellevue Ave.,
Bryer & Curtis, 68 Broadway,
Oliver Wilcox, 72 Broadway,
James A. Eddy, 377 Thames St.,
John M. Popple, 1 Tilley Ave.,
Kaull & Anthony, 391 Thames St.,
S. S. Thompson, 176 Broadway,
J. E. Watson, Jamestown, R. I.

THEY ALL SELL

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial

Do you know what it is? If not, get a bottle and find out.

ABRAM ALMY, 173 Thames Street.

NOTICE.

My store will remain open all winter and shall keep a full assortment of

WINTER FRUIT,

Oysters, Clams, etc.

WILLIAM CARRY.

AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

NOVELTIES

FOR

THE HOLIDAYS.

At Herrmann's Jewelry Store
210 THAMES STREET.

BLUE POINT OYSTERS

Direct from Oakdale, L. I., for half shell. Also large oysters for frying.

CARRY BROTHERS,
259 THAMES STREET.

We Know It

will cure if

DR. HOUGH'S COUGH AND LUNG BALSAM

is used as directed. Price 35 cents. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers.

Stocks for Sale.

5 shares Arctic Ice Co.
25 " Lookout Mountain Consolidated Co. (Pref. Stock.)

J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.,
154 THAMES STREET.

BARGAINS.

26½ lbs. Granulated Sugar,	$1.00
5 lbs. good serviceable Tea (all kinds),	1.00
1 lb. good serviceable Tea (all kinds),	.25
Chicago Exposition grade (all kinds), (The kind our New York house supplied at Jackson Park.)	.35
Tomatoes, Corn and Salmon (per can),	.11
Ballentine's Red Label Beer (per doz.),	.85
Whiskey (per gal.),	2.75
Whiskey (per bottle),	.90
Port, Sherry, Angelica, Catawba (per gal.),	1.25
(per bottle),	.40
Brandy for mince pies, etc. (per gal.),	3.25
(per bottle),	.85
New England Rum (per gal.),	1.65
(per bottle),	.50

F. P. Garrettson & Co.,
18 & 20 WASHINGTONS QUARE.

"What is The Matter"

With a present to a friend for New Year of

A "Ton of Coal?"

Nothing can be more acceptable, carefully if it comes out of the bins of **Perry Brothers' Coal Yard**, which is a guarantee that it is a

"Pure High Grade Coal."

Try it on some of your friends and see if we are not about right.

PERRY BROTHERS

Main Office, 187 Thames St.

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths,
Straw Mattings,
Rugs, Mats, etc.
Window Shades,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Portieres, etc., etc.
Wall Papers,
Mouldings.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,
138 THAMES STREET.

LOCAL NOTES

—Mr. Henry M. Castoff of Providence is in town.

—Mrs. James D. Seabury has returned from Providence.

—Mr. D. M. Little and family of Boston are at the Wilson cottage.

—Mrs. J. Van Dusen Reed and family of New York arrived here last night.

—Miss Jennie E. Wetherell of this city is visiting Miss Annie Estes, in Fall River.

—New Year's entertainments will be numerous during the day and evening of Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Seabury, Jr., and Mr. Noah Redford returned from Brooklyn this morning.

—Schooner B. W. Coxperthwaite, with coal for the Newport Illuminating Company, is the only craft in the harbor.

—Ex-Judge Granville P. Hawes, who died suddenly in New York yesterday, was a frequent visitor to Newport.

—Tomorrow afternoon the annual Christmas service of carols by the Sunday school of Emmanuel Church will be held.

—Captain Waters and Mr. Stephen A. Goddard have so far improved that they are expected to be about their homes next week.

—The Christmas music in large part will be repeated at St. George's Church, morning and evening, tomorrow, by special request.

—The engagement is announced of Mr. Elmer Ellsworth Gifford and Miss Mattie Gardner Tuell. The marriage will take place in February.

—The loss by the fire at George H. Freeborn's on Bridge street, last week, has been adjusted through the agency of Henry Bull, Jr., at $50.

—The Sunday school of the Shiloh Baptist Church and the Daughters of Freja will have their Christmas entertainments on Tuesday evening next.

—Mr. George M. Miller, president of the Newport & Wickford Steamboat & Railroad Company, will sail for Europe next week, with his family.

—At the meeting of General Burnside Assembly, Royal Society of Good Fellows, last evening, four candidates were initiated and seven applications were received.

—Favorable news is received from Mr. George E. Houghton, who is undergoing treatment at a New York hospital, which he expects to be able to leave in a few weeks.

—The newly-elected officers of Rhode Island Lodge, No. 12, I. O. of O. F., will be publicly installed on Monday evening. Addresses, dancing and refreshments will follow.

—The Natural History Society will hold its regular monthly meeting this evening. There is no special subject assigned for discussion, but brief communications on a variety of topics are expected from members.

—The New York papers will be received here again tomorrow. The local dealers, failing to come to an agreement, have again chartered private conveyances to bring the papers from Wickford to Newport.

—There was a conference last evening of the Democratic members of the new City Council. The participants, as well as the Republicans, who met in secret on the previous evening, decline to divulge the proceedings.

—The juvenile classes of the Touro Chapel Sunday school gave a concert in the vestry last evening. The program included recitations, solos and duets by the scholars, and refreshments, served at the conclusion. There was a good-sized gathering.

—Monday will be the Feast of the Circumcision, and will be observed by special services at the Catholic churches. At St. Mary's there will be masses at 7 and 9 A. M., and vespers at 7:30 P. M.; at St. Joseph's masses at 5:30 and 8 A. M., with vespers at 7:30 P. M.

—Thursday night some person or persons entered the residence of Mr. Robert C. Cottrell, on Mill street, through a rear window, and stole three pairs of lace curtains, valued at $9 a pair. Mud tracks were seen on the carpets and in the yard. It is not quite clear why the fourth pair, hanging at a window, was not taken. The police, as well as Mr. Cottrell, are of the opinion that the guilty person will soon be caught, and the stolen articles recovered.

—Today's bulletin from Dr. Rankin's house reads: "The doctor is slightly better today."

—Mrs. E. Y. Mason and family and Miss Grace B. Gilpin returned today from a visit to friends in Campello, Mass.

—Torpedo Station tug Fortune, which took a torpedo outfit to cruiser New York, is being overhauled at the navy yard at New York, and yesterday was taken to the dry dock, to have her bottom cleaned and painted.

—Simeon Hazard has sold for Jabez West and wife of Westerly the property at the southeasterly corner of Touro and Spring streets to Sidney B. Gladding of this city. Mr. Gladding, it is understood, intends to make marked changes in his purchase, and will open a first-class market there during the coming spring.

—Mr. Joseph Mansfield of this city, who about four months ago was injured by a fall from a loft in Boston and has since been under treatment in a hospital in that city, arrived here on the 11:05 o'clock train this morning, and was taken to his home in the ambulance. The lower part of his body is paralyzed, as a result of the fall.

—The funeral of the late Timothy J. Sullivan took place from St. Joseph's Church this morning, Rev. Father Coyle officiating, and was attended by Court Pride of the City, of which he was a member, delegations from the other courts of Foresters in the city, and a large number of friends and of associates at the Old Colony yards. The bearers were James Collins, Jeremiah Riley, Eugene McCarty, Charles J. Schultz, John Keeley and James Quinn.

—Among the clergymen mentioned in last evening's Providence Telegram as possible successors of the late Father McCabe, as vicar general of the Roman Catholic diocese of Providence, are Rev. Dr. Grace of this city, Rev. Dr. Stang and Revs. Thomas Briscoe of Providence, and Rev. Mathew McCabe of Woonsocket, brother of the late vicar general. To these the Fall River papers add the name of Rev. Father Hughes of that city. In view of the fact that the late vicar general came from the northern part of the diocese, it would not be at all strange if this city or Fall River received the next appointment.

—On invitation of some of the members of the Commercial Club, the members of the Thomas E. Shea Company visited the rooms of the club, in the gas building, last night, and, after a collation, visitors and guests entertained each other with music, songs and recitations. Professor Fredericks and Mr. Cairnes accompanied on the piano, Mr. Harry Brooks gave banjo selections, and songs or recitations were given by Messrs. Shea, Testa, Cairnes, McAuliff, Grady and Green of the Shea company, Messrs. Fredericks and Sullivan of the club, and others.

—The total number of names on the registry book when City Clerk Stevens closed his office last evening was 1,484, ninety-six having been added during the day. This total, with one day to complete the registration, exceeds that of every previous year at a similar period, with one exception, that of 1888, after the adoption of the Australian amendment. It exceeds last year's total registry by nearly three hundred; is eleven in excess of that of 1891, on the night before the closing, when the total for the year was 1,653; and is seventy-one in excess of that at a corresponding period in 1890, when the total for the year was 1,673. It is expected that the registry will reach 1,600 before the close tonight.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Aquidneck Grange held a meeting Thursday evening for the election of officers for the year ensuing, which resulted as follows:

Master—Lionel H. Peabody.
Overseer—Joel Peckham.
Lecturer—Mrs. Bertha Spooner.
Steward—Edmund Spooner.
Assistant Steward—Daniel A. Peckham.
Chaplain—William J. Anthony.
Treasurer—Henry C. Sherman.
Secretary—Mrs. Cynthia Perry.
Gate Keeper—J. Willis Peckham.
Ceres—Mrs. Elisha A. Peckham.
Pomona—Mrs. Alfred Carr.
Flora—Miss Elizabeth Peckham.
Lady Assistant Steward—Miss Nellie R. Peckham.
Organist—Miss Gertrude Sisson.
Chorister—George E. Perry.
Member of executive committee, for three years—Joseph A. Peckham.

The treasurer's report showed a balance of $94.58. The roll showed a membership of eighty-six. Nine applications were received, which will make the full membership ninety-five. The grange is now in a prosperous condition, and the prospect of being one of the largest in the state is bright.

Miss Sadie A. Albro, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Albro, was married Christmas night to Isaac E. Gray of Tiverton, Rev. G. B. Cutler, pastor of the Congregational Church, performing the ceremony.

Mr. James P. Smith of Wickford is visiting his sister, Mrs. William L. Almy, at the Leland farm.

Mr. A. A. Brown is building a large addition to his barn, Mr. Charles Wyatt being the builder.

Mr. James Barker is having a new fence built around his estate on Paradise avenue.

Mr. Henry C. Sherman is making improvements to his property on Turner's lane.

Mr. Corrigan has placed crushed stone on the roadbed in front of Mr. Talbot's and Mr. Gilbert Ward's estates. It was much needed, as it is also needed on many other places. The present work is done under the supervision of Conseliman A. Herbert Ward.

Mr. Lewis Manchester is grading the entrance to his estate on Slate hill, which has been made inaccessible by the cutting down of the roadbed.

The public schools of the town will re-open on Monday morning, after a week's vacation.

Mrs. Ruth Peckham has commenced the improvements of her late purchase on Paradise road, Mr. M. Peckham being the contractor.

A few nights ago Mr. Bronfield, who is superintendent of the farm of Melville Bull, was aroused from his sleep by a noise in his hennery. Upon going to the building, the thief was seen to depart, and left behind a large sack filled with poultry, ready to be removed. It was a very dark night and the man escaped, but will probably be arrested, as measures have been taken to obtain evidence against the persons who are suspected of being in that line of business.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

STATE POLITICS.

CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.

sued by the party, and it would occasion little surprise if the final decision were quite different from that advanced by Speaker Owen at this time.

That some of the Democrats, at least, have an idea that business may be transacted by the legislature at its coming session is shown by the fact that bills are being prepared to be in readiness, if matters so shape themselves as to permit of their introduction and action upon them. Among these is one which affects Newport as well as this city, although it is aimed specially at this place. Last fall, before the city election here, the Democrats collected a large number of names of registry voters, which they asked the tax assessors to transfer to the personal property list. This was done with the hope that a sufficient number of property voters might be secured to bring about the election of a Democratic majority in both branches of the city government.

The tax assessors, however, who are Republicans, saw through the scheme and refused to make the transfers. Now the Democrats want to have a bill passed by the General Assembly, providing for the election of tax assessors by popular vote. Such a bill has been already framed for introduction, if opportunity offers, at the approaching session of the legislature, and it is made applicable to all the cities of the state, with the evident purpose of partially cloaking its special reference to Providence, and with the hope, too, that the same plan which it is desired to carry out here may be worked in Newport, Pawtucket and Woonsocket also. Of course, if it can be successfully wormed through the legislature, it will result, if the Democrats can make it do so, as they hope to do, in the election of Democratic tax assessors in all the cities, and the refusal in their turn to transfer Republican registry voters to the property list.

The work of registration is still being pushed energetically, and this city is being made a special battle ground by the two parties. The number already registered exceeds that of last year by some five thousand, and the indications are that when the books are closed at midnight Saturday they will contain a considerably larger number of names than have ever been upon them in any previous year. How this vote is divided politically cannot yet be told, either here or throughout the state, but the party leaders are waiting anxiously for the results, realizing that to a considerable extent depends upon this the complexion of the next General Assembly, and the selection by that body of a United States Senator. Both parties claim the advantage, but neither probably knows really whether it has it or not.

The action of Governor Brown, in returning to Adjutant General Dyer the resignation of Lieutenant Willoughby of the Newport naval reserves, with directions to request that official to reconsider his determination, has brought to the public notice what has long been known in military circles of the state, that a more or less open dissension exists between the governor and the adjutant general. The source of the trouble appears to be political jealousies. Governor Brown has heretofore shown evidences of a disposition to exercise unaccustomed authority in military matters, and this has culminated in the present instance in a complete over-ruling of the recommendations and purposes of the adjutant general. Of course that officer's mouth is closed, so long as he retains his present position, but, as he expects not far in the future to resign his office, his tongue will then be loosed, and he will have an opportunity to tell what he thinks of the governor, and the chances are very good that the opportunity will be improved with alacrity and pleasure.

CRAWSONT.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. William Field has been visiting friends in Newport this week.

Thieves visited the premises of William G. Gifford, on the Swan farm, one night this week, and cleaned out his hen house and stole about five bushels of coal.

The News correspondent was in error regarding the family of the late John Rogers, who formerly lived at Black Point farm. He had seven children, instead of four; Isaac M., Francis, who was the owner of the farm; Sarah A., wife of Mr. Joel Coggeshall of Middletown; Thomas, George, Lewis, Joseph, and Patience, wife of Benjamin B. White of this town. All of these are deceased, except Patience, Mrs. White, and Joseph, who resides in Texas. Francis, Lewis and Joseph were never married. Isaac left two children; Sarah A., Mrs. Coggeshall, left four; George left three, and Patience, Mrs. Benjamin B. White, has three.

Miss Sarah P. Chase of Bristol is visiting friends and relatives here.

Miss Mabel Fisher of Washington, D. C., is visiting, Miss Mary Chase.

Mrs. John Allan and Miss Jessie Allan of Oakland farm are both sick at their home.

Mrs. Truman C. Main, who is at a hospital in Boston, is reported as doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Nahum Green are in Boston for a few days' visit, and will visit Mrs. Green's mother, Mrs. T. C. Main.

Mr. William B. Mott is having a hot-water heater put into his house.

Mrs. William H. Faulkner will sell the stock and farming utensils of her late husband at auction during the second week in January.

Mrs. Charles G. Thomas, who has been sick for five weeks, is much better.

Mr. John Gadsby, employed as baker by George Wyatt, has resigned his position, to go into business with his father in Fall River. The firm will be Gadsby & Son, and "Jack" will continue to make fine bread, as formerly.

A number of building firms in Providence have discharged the single men in their employ, and as Mr. Herbert Ashley was included in that category he has returned home, to spend the winter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Ashley.

Mr. Asa B. Anthony has been sick for some days, with the grip.

There is a great scarcity of eggs. This has been the case for some time, but the difficulty grows worse, one man having three hundred hens getting only five or six in a day.

Mr. William H. Sanford, who has been ill a long time, has so far lost his mind that he does not always know the members of his family, although his bodily strength is sufficient to enable him to wheel himself about the house in his chair.

Let "good digestion wait on appetite and health on both," by taking Ayer's Pills.

Old Company's Lehigh,
Susquehanna,
Lykens Valley and
Wilkesbarre Coal

Well prepared for family use.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

341 THAMES STREET.

Dinner Sets.

A NEW STYLE OF

DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS

Of 100 pieces

For $25.00

Just opened.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,

WM. H. BOONE, AGENT,

Franklin,
Lykens Valley,
Lorberry,
Red Ash,

Also a fine quality of

White Ash Coals.

Office, - - Bowen's Wharf.

INSTRUCTION.

F. M. SISSON,
TEACHER OF
Penmanship and Bookkeeping
349 Spring Street, Newport, R. I.

Alfred G. Langley, A.M.,

Private Tutor,

School Street. Call from 1 to 3 P. M.
Also Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

MISS LOUISE P. STANHOPE,
Drawing and Painting.
Class or private lessons. Second term begins January 3. 22 Bay View avenue.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
Teacher of Organ and Piano.
68 Broadway, upper bell, from 6 to 8 P. M.

MRS. J. P. CURLEY,
TEACHER OF FRENCH, PIANO AND SINGING.
Special attention given to beginners.
3 WHITFIELD COURT.

MISS SAYER'S SCHOOL,
122 Touro Street.
Circulars sent on application.

Edward Y. Mason
(Organist at Channing Church),
Instruction in Organ, Piano or Harmony.
Special attention given to beginners.
Accompanist for musicales, entertainments, etc.
Residence, 10 Cranston Ave.

RUBBERS

Ladies' High Button Overshoes,
Men's Light Buckle Arctics,
Ladies' Storm Rubbers,
Ladies' Common Sense Rubbers.

SLIPPERS.

Men's Velvet Slippers, 80c, $1, $1.26
Men's Leather Slippers, $1.
Men's Russet Slippers, $1.25, $1.75.

NORMAN,
160 Thames Street.

NEW BOOKS.

STAMP ALBUM,

Revised edition. New ready.

Riverside edition of Thoreau, Lowell and Whittier.
Letters of Walter Scott.
Gibbon's Roman Empire.
Napier's Peninsular War.
Abraham Lincoln
(Am. Statesman Series).

Hammett's Bookstore,
202 THAMES STREET.

Holiday Goods.

A fine line of Calendars.
Prang's Art Pictures, unframed, or will frame them at short notice.
The new edition Prayer Books and Hymnals. Pocketbooks, Cardcases and Portfolios.

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